



PUBLIC HEALTH AUTHORITY

50-State Legislative Bill Survey


Summary of Pending Bills Limiting Public Health Authority: The Second Wave (Version posted on April 6, 2022)

Introduction. [In their regular 2021 legislative session](#), many states introduced or passed laws that restricted the ability of state and local public health officials, governors, and others to respond to the immediate threat of COVID-19, as well as future public health threats. A second wave of similar legislation began in regular and special sessions in the fall of 2021 and has continued into the 2022 regular session. The table below details COVID-19-related legislation and broader proposed limitations on public health authority pending in all 50 states (and the District of Columbia) from September 1, 2021 through mid-March, 2022. In general, bills that have passed (or failed) are not included in this table; enacted laws will be listed in a companion table currently in preparation.

Description: The table lists and briefly describes current state bills and identifies how they would limit public health powers (if enacted) to respond to natural disasters, disease outbreaks, and other health threats. These limitations are categorized within specific columns as follows: 1. Emergency Orders (providing authority to address a public health emergency); 2. Shifts in Authority (between levels of government and away from public health agencies and the executive branch); and measures related to public health interventions including; 3. Vaccines; 4. Testing; 5. Masks; and 6. Places (including, but not limited to business, schools, places of worship).

Jurisdiction Links. This table will be updated regularly; however, you are advised to follow the link to any specific bill you are interested in for the most up to date information. [Reach out](#) with any questions or to request legal technical assistance.

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Key

Emergency Orders:

- a) Issuance of emergency order is restricted
- b) Duration of emergency order is limited
- c) Emergency order may be terminated by:
 - 1. Legislature
 - 2. Another Entity
- d) Scope of emergency order is restricted
- e) Local emergency orders may be less stringent than governor's orders

Shifts in Authority from:

- f) Local Public Health Agency to Another Local Entity
- g) Local Public Health Agency to State Public Health Agency or State Legislature
- h) State Public Health Agency to Governor or State Legislature
- i) State Executive to State Legislature



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Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Alabama								
HB16 - provides a private right of action against an employer for certain injuries or death resulting from an employer COVID-19 vaccine mandate			X			X		Introduced
HB18 - allows parents to opt out of student masking requirements at public K-12 schools					X	X		Introduced
HB19 - requires consent of a parent or legal guardian for a minor to receive a vaccination; voids existing law which allows a minor 14 years of age or older to give consent for health services without parental consent.			X			X		Introduced
HB29 - prohibits state from recognizing certain federal vaccine mandates; provides a private right of action against an employer for any adverse reaction, certain injuries or death resulting from an employer COVID-19 vaccine mandate			X			X		Introduced
HB31 - prohibits employers public accommodations and occupational licensing boards from discriminating based on any immunization status			X			X		Introduced
HB32 - prohibits an employer from requiring an employee to receive a COVID-19 vaccination when the employee objects to vaccination for any reason of personal conscience, based on a religious belief, or for medical reasons, including prior recovery from COVID-19			X			X		Introduced
HB188 - requires the State Board of Education, in consultation with the Department of Public Health, to adopt rules to ensure safety protocols for controlling COVID-19 in public K-12 schools that do not require mask wearing by schoolchildren or otherwise violate parents' ability to make health care decisions for their children; would also require a reduction in Foundation Program Fund monies for public K-12 schools adopting mask mandates in violation of adopted rules		h			X	X		Introduced
HB447 - prohibits a county health officer during a state of emergency from issuing an order or directive that relates to the control of a pandemic or outbreak of a disease unless the State Health Officer provides written approval	a	g						Introduced

[SB254](#) - requires day care centers to continue to allow parents and legal guardians to enter during a state PHE; would also provide civil immunity for day care centers acting in accordance with its provisions

[SB255](#) - prohibits an emergency rule, order, or other directive issued by the State Health Officer restricting, limiting, or burdening the conduct of private citizens or businesses unless approved by the Governor and a copy is filed with the Office of the Secretary of State

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Alaska

[House Bill 175](#) - prohibits businesses or any state/local government unit from requiring proof of COVID-19 vaccination status to access public areas; prohibits state and local governments from requiring individuals to undergo COVID-19 vaccination in order to exercise lawful rights or receive public benefits; prohibits employers from requiring COVID-19 vaccination as a condition of employment (unless authorized by federal law) and employment discrimination based on COVID-19 vaccination status

[House Bill 186](#) - prohibits the state or a municipality, public library, postsecondary educational institution, school district, health care provider, or health care facility from requiring proof of COVID-19 vaccination as a condition of facility or benefit access

[House Bill 236](#) - provides that public health officials acting in the scope of employment are personally liable for damages resulting from negligence or reckless indifference

[House Bill 262](#) - prohibits the state or a municipal agency from mandating COVID-19 vaccination and from infringing on a person's right to intrastate and interstate travel

[House Bill 263](#) - prohibits state or local government agents and officials from enforcing federal laws imposing penalties on individuals who do not receive or persons who do not require them to receive a COVID-19 vaccine

[Senate Bill 156](#) - prohibits state and local COVID-19 vaccine mandates and state agencies from requiring documentation of COVID-19 vaccination status; prohibits discrimination based on COVID-19 vaccination status; authorizes individuals to object to the administration of a COVID-19 vaccine based on religious, medical, or other grounds

[Senate Bill 191](#) - repeals emergency powers of the commissioner of health and social services

[House Bill 3010](#) - imposes civil liability on employers, schools, and businesses that encourage the administration of a COVID-19 vaccine for damages as the result of an adverse reaction to the vaccine; requires health care providers and facilities to provide written information about the risks and benefits of a vaccine, as well as available exemptions, before administering the vaccine to a patient; prohibits health care providers and facilities from limiting or denying health care services to a patient because the patient delays or declines vaccination; prohibits health care insurers from denying coverage or increasing insurance premiums for an individual who has delayed or declined vaccination

[Senate Bill 156](#) - prohibits state agencies and subdivisions from implementing COVID-19 vaccine mandates; prohibits state agencies and agents of the state from requiring proof of COVID-19 vaccination status; prohibits persons, governmental entities, employers, and public accommodations from discriminating on the basis of COVID-19 vaccination status

House Bill 262 - prohibits the state or a municipal agency from mandating COVID-19 vaccination and from infringing on a person's right to intrastate and interstate travel			X				Prohibits travel restrictions	Introduced
House Bill 263 - prohibits state or local government agents and officials from enforcing federal laws imposing penalties on individuals who do not receive or persons who do not require them to receive a COVID-19 vaccine			X				Seeks to override federal vaccine requirements	Introduced
Senate Bill 156 - prohibits state and local COVID-19 vaccine mandates and state agencies from requiring documentation of COVID-19 vaccination status; prohibits discrimination based on COVID-19 vaccination status; authorizes individuals to object to the administration of a COVID-19 vaccine based on religious, medical, or other grounds			X					Introduced
Senate Bill 191 - repeals emergency powers of the commissioner of health and social services	a	h						Introduced
House Bill 3010 - imposes civil liability on employers, schools, and businesses that encourage the administration of a COVID-19 vaccine for damages as the result of an adverse reaction to the vaccine; requires health care providers and facilities to provide written information about the risks and benefits of a vaccine, as well as available exemptions, before administering the vaccine to a patient; prohibits health care providers and facilities from limiting or denying health care services to a patient because the patient delays or declines vaccination; prohibits health care insurers from denying coverage or increasing insurance premiums for an individual who has delayed or declined vaccination			X					Introduced
Senate Bill 156 - prohibits state agencies and subdivisions from implementing COVID-19 vaccine mandates; prohibits state agencies and agents of the state from requiring proof of COVID-19 vaccination status; prohibits persons, governmental entities, employers, and public accommodations from discriminating on the basis of COVID-19 vaccination status			X			X		Introduced

Bill & Description

**1. Emerg.
Orders**

**2. Shifts in
Authority**

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Arizona								
Senate Bill 1009 - requires that as of Jan. 2021, the governor may issue an emergency proclamation for a public health emergency for no more than 30 days and may extend the order for additional 30-day periods, not to exceed 120 days, without passage of a concurrent legislative resolution	b	i						Passed First Chamber
Senate Bill 1048 House Bill 2107 removes language in existing statute granting additional executive powers during declared emergencies (e.g., removes “but not limited to” when listing executive authorities).	d	i						Passed First Chamber
Senate Bill 1053 - requires that if an employer receives notice from an employee that their sincerely held religious beliefs prevented them from receiving the COVID-19 vaccine, the employer must provide a reasonable accommodation			X					Introduced
Senate Bill 1297 House Bill 2449 prohibits a health care facility from preventing a patient or resident from receiving in-person visitation with a religious counselor during a public health emergency unless federal law requires prohibition; provides that when a health care facility allows visitation of any kind, they a clergy member must be permitted to visit in-person.						X	Patient /Resident Visitation	Introduced
HCR 2003 - provides that the freedom to choose not to be vaccinated is an inherent right of all individuals			X					Introduced

House Bill 2020 - provides that a person is eligible for a COVID-19 vaccination requirement exemption if they demonstrate (1) antibodies, (2) positive COVID test, or (3) positive T-cell immune response			X					Introduced
House Bill 2022 - removes authority of governor and health department to mandate treatment or vaccination during a state of emergency caused by pandemic or endemic disease	d	h,i	X					Introduced
House Bill 2029 - prohibits state government entities from requiring persons to receive COVID-19 vaccinations, discriminate based on vaccination status, or enter into a contract with an entity requiring COVID-19 vaccination			X					Introduced
House Bill 2043 - requires that an employer is liable for any damages that may occur as a result of a vaccination If an employer denies a religious exemption and requires a person to receive a COVID-19 vaccine as a requirement for maintaining or acquiring employment			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 2064 - provides that a COVID-19 vaccine is not required for school attendance			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 2191 - provides that any vaccination authorized under an FDA Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) is not required for school attendance			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 2086 - provides that COVID-19 vaccine and the HPV vaccine are not required for school attendance			X					Passed First Chamber
House Bill 2198 - requires that an employee terminated for failure to receive a COVID-19 vaccine as a condition of employment shall receive either severance compensation or reemployment with reasonable accommodations			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 2356 - requires that public and private employers requiring COVID-19 vaccination as a condition of employment must accept either COVID-19 vaccination records or COVID-19 antibody test			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 2471 - requires that 14 days after a state of emergency is proclaimed, the governor must call for a special legislative session relating to the state of emergency	b	i						Passed First Chamber
House Bill 2475 - prohibits an employer from requiring an employee to receive the COVID-19 vaccine as a pre-condition of employment; provides that an employer may offer a financial incentive for vaccinated employees			X					Introduced

House Bill 2498 - prohibits a government entity from requiring a resident of the state to receive a vaccination for COVID-19			X					Introduced
House Bill 2578 - provides that an emergency declaration issued by the governor is limited to 30 days and that any extension must be approved by a concurrent session of the legislature; requires the governor to submit a written report to a joint committee of the health committees of the senate and house of representatives.	b	i						Introduced
House Bill 2611 - prohibits a government entity or person doing business in the state from requiring a student to receive the COVID-19 vaccine without parental consent.			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 2619 - requires that the state department of health services post a link on its website containing publicly available information about the vaccine adverse event reporting system.			X					Introduced
Senate Bill 1567 - prohibits state government and business affiliations from requiring any person to receive a COVID-19 vaccination or carry a COVID-19 immunity passport, discriminate against any person based on vaccination status, or enter into a contract, loan, or grant with an organization requiring COVID-19 vaccination. Provides an exemption for health care facilities.			X			X		Passed First Chamber
Senate Bill 1494 - provides that an individual may not be disqualified from receiving unemployment benefits if that individual had left employment because the employer required a COVID-19 vaccination or booster			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 2507 - prohibits state government from discriminating against religious organizations operating or seeking to operate during a state of emergency or engaging in the exercise of religion; declares that religious services are an essential service during a state of emergency; provides that state government must allow religious organizations to operate and engage in religious services during a state of emergency to the same or greater extent than is allowed other organizations	d					X	Declares churches to be "essential businesses" and forbids limitations	Introduced

Arkansas

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description	1. Emerg. Orders	2. Shifts in Authority	3. Vaccines	4. Testing	5. Masks	6. Places	7. Other	8. Legis. Status
California								
Assembly Bill 814 - prohibits data collected, received, or prepared for purposes of contact tracing from being used, maintained, or disclosed for any purpose other than facilitating contact tracing efforts							Data privacy	Introduced
Assembly Bill 2546 - requires that each long-term care resident has the right to in-person access to a minimum of two support persons during a public health emergency; prohibits these provisions from being suspended, superseded, or modified by a state or local government emergency order	d						X Long-term Care resident support	Introduced
Senate Bill 933 - requires an emergency order to be narrowly tailored to serve a compelling public health or safety purpose and limited in duration, applicability, and scope; authorizes any person to bring an action against an allegedly unlawful emergency order	b, d							Introduced

Bill & Description	1. Emerg. Orders	2. Shifts in Authority	3. Vaccines	4. Testing	5. Masks	6. Places	7. Other	8. Legis. Status
Colorado								

[House Bill 1144](#) - provides that any person exhibiting “natural immunity” to COVID-19 may show proof of immunity in lieu of receiving a vaccination to comply with a vaccination mandate

X

Introduced
(Postponed indefinitely 3/2/22)

[House Bill 1199](#) - requires health care facilities to permit “compassionate care visits” despite emergency ordinances

X

Health
care
facility
compa
ssionat
e care
visits

Introduced

[House Bill 1200](#) - requires employers with vaccination requirements to allow for medical and religious exemptions, without penalty

X

Introduced

[House Bill 1238](#) - requires that the general assembly act by joint resolution to continue the Governor’s disaster declaration beyond 12 months.

b

i

Introduced

Connecticut

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Delaware

[S 58](#) - prohibits the State from mandating isolation or quarantine due to COVID

X
Isolati
on and
Quar
antin
e autho
rity

Introduced

							eliminated	
H 209 - prohibits a vaccine mandate or discrimination against people not vaccinated for COVID; applies to state and municipalities, schools, and entities that received at least \$10 million from the state			X				X	Introduced
H 247 - prohibits a state or municipal agency, school district, or charter school may from mandating masks to access public services or benefits, unless a vaccine that is predicted or proven to be at least 90% effective is generally available to the public				X			X	Introduced

District of Columbia

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description

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Florida								
CS/SB 620 Related bills CS/CS/HB 569 (C2) authorizes certain businesses to claim business damages from a county or municipality if the county or municipality enacts or amends certain ordinances or charter provisions; limits the amount of business damages that may be recovered; specifies ordinances and charter provisions that do not result in liability for business damages; requires businesses and counties or municipalities to follow certain presuit procedures before businesses file an action for business damages						X		Passed Second Chamber

Bill & Description

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Georgia								
HB 856 - prohibits state or local governments from requiring: individuals to submit to vaccinations as a condition to certain actions; issuing immunization passports for the purpose of certifying the immunization status of an individual; prohibits face masks or other facial coverings mandates to minimize the spread of contagious or infectious diseases; prohibits certain entities or individuals doing business in this state from requiring patrons or customers to provide any documentation certifying vaccination or to wear a mask or other facial covering in order to gain entry to a business or to receive goods or services			X	X	X	X		Introduced
HB 869 - prohibits state or local governments from requiring individuals to submit to vaccinations as a condition to certain actions; from issuing immunization passports or the like for the purpose of certifying the immunization status of an individual; from requiring face masks or other facial coverings to minimize the spread of contagious or infectious diseases.; prohibits certain entities or individuals doing business in the state from			X		X	X		Introduced

requiring patrons or customers to provide any documentation certifying vaccination or to wear a mask or other facial covering in order to gain entry to a business or to receive goods or services.								
HB 1394 - repeals the authority of the Department of Public Health and all county boards of health to require persons to submit to vaccinations against or other measures to prevent contagious or infectious diseases and repeals conflicting laws		g,h	X					Introduced
SB 214 - restricts use of Governor's Emergency Powers on matters pertaining to firearms and other weapons	d	i					Emergency powers cannot include restrictions on firearms	
SB 345 - prohibits state and local agencies, including school districts from mandating vaccine passports; prohibits schools from requiring their traditional school-starting vaccinations for measles and other vaccine preventable communicable diseases			X			X		Passed First Chamber
SB 372 - prohibits institutions from requiring proof of vaccines for service but specifically exempts schools from this prohibition			X			X		Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Hawaii								
House Bill 103 - requires a Governor's state of emergency to terminate automatically 60 days after the issuance; allows the legislature to terminate a Governor's state of emergency at any time via concurrent resolution; allows issuance of another proclamation arising from the same emergency as a previously terminated proclamation upon request of the Governor and a concurrent resolution by the legislature; requires the Governor to specify the justifications of each law suspended in an emergency	c 1							Passed Second Chamber

House Bill 721 - prohibits the Governor, in a state of emergency, from shutting down business for more than 28 days or requiring quarantine of any person for more than 28 days; requires a 2/3 vote of each house of the legislature to extend a state of emergency	a, b, d	i						Introduced
House Bill 851 - requires the Governor to obtain approval from the Legislature to declare an emergency longer than 30 days	b	i						Introduced
House Bill 11 i97 - provides for lesser emergency period penalties imposed pursuant to emergency powers to be adopted and promulgated by the governor or a mayor; authorizes the county prosecutors to exercise discretion with the offense charged and the penalty sought for certain first-time violations of COVID-19 emergency orders	e							Introduced
House Bill 1416 - provides that emergency powers cannot be inconsistent with the state constitution; provides limits on the governor's and mayors' authorities to suspend laws in emergencies; provides that a state of emergency terminates at the earliest of 60 days after issuance, a date specified in the governor's proclamation, or a date specified in a concurrent resolution adopted by the legislature ; authorizes the governor to renew a state of emergency for 60 days upon adoption of a concurrent resolution by the legislature	b, c	i						Introduced
House Bill 1496 - provides that the governor in a state of emergency can require restaurants and bars to limit service to vaccinated patrons or patrons with proof of negative test for a specific contagious disease; provides that the restriction cannot last more than 30 days unless approved by the legislature	b	i				X		Introduced
House Bill 1585 Senate Bill 3285 provides that emergency powers cannot be inconsistent with the state constitution; limits the governor's and mayors' authorities to suspend laws during an emergency; authorizes the governor to require counties to obtain approval prior to issuing any emergency order, rule, or proclamation; provides that the governor or mayor may extend or terminate a state of emergency by a separate or supplementary proclamation; authorizes the legislature to terminate a state of emergency by a two-thirds vote	a, b, c, d	i						SB 3285 Introduced HB 1585 Passed First Chamber
House Bill 1921 - authorizes the legislature, upon expiration of the governor's third consecutive emergency proclamation, to convene and discuss whether the situation meets the character and magnitude of an emergency or disaster; authorizes the governor, or the legislature by concurrent resolution, to invalidate an emergency measure issued by a political body if it is determined that the order unnecessarily restricts a right	d	i						Introduced

House Bill 2121 - provides that emergency powers must be consistent with the state constitution; provides that the state's emergency management system includes coordination between State and county emergency management functions; clarifies the legal framework governing the extension and termination of emergency periods	b, d							Introduced
Senate Bill 1267 - requires approval of the legislature (or city council) to extend a state (or local) emergency proclamation beyond 60 days	b	i f						Introduced
Senate Bill 1330 - limits the scope and duration of suspended laws during a state or local emergency; requires senate (or county) consent to extend a state (or local) emergency proclamation beyond 120 days; authorizes the legislature (or county legislative body) via concurrent resolution to terminate a state (or local) emergency proclamation	c 1, d	i f						Introduced
Senate Bill 2916 - prohibits the governor or a mayor from suspending public records requests during emergencies; allows for a reasonable delay in an agency's response to a request due to extenuating circumstances.	d						X Publi c Recor ds	Passed First Chamber
Senate Bill 3089 - prohibits the governor or a mayor from suspending public records requests during emergencies, but allows for a reasonable delay in an agency's response to a request as a result of extenuated circumstances; provides that emergency powers must be consistent with the state constitution; limits executive authority to suspend laws in emergencies; provides that the state's emergency management system includes coordination between State and county emergency management functions, where appropriate; provides that a state or local emergency terminates after 60 days, unless extended or terminated by a separate or supplementary proclamation of the governor or mayor; provides that the Legislature (or county council) may, by 2/3 vote, terminate a state of emergency declared by the Governor (or mayor).	b, c, d	f, i						Passed First Chamber

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Idaho								
HO 581 - prohibits employers from discriminating against employees or potential employees because of their refusal to be vaccinated against coronavirus or any vaccination made available under an emergency use authorization, or to disclose their vaccination status			X				X	Passed First Chamber

HO 631 - provides that neither the state nor a political subdivision (including a health district) may mandate that a person wear a facemask for the purpose of preventing or slowing the spread of infectious disease; provides that a recommendation from the state or a political subdivision or official to wear a mask must be accompanied by a notice that the recommendation is not mandatory			X					Passed First Chamber
HO 698 - provides that if an employer requires vaccination against COVID, an employee who is injured as a result of the vaccination shall be eligible for worker's compensation			X					Passed First Chamber
HO 705 See S 1262 which was enacted - Provides that in an extreme emergency, businesses engaged in sale, transfer, and training in the use of firearms are essential businesses; provides that neither the governor, nor a state agency, nor a political subdivision, may seize or confiscate privately owned firearms used in connection with otherwise lawful conduct	d						X Firearm businesses are essential	Passed First Chamber
HO 708 - prohibits states and political subdivisions from requiring coronavirus vaccine passports in order to (1) apply for or receive government services; (2) enter a government venue that is open to the general public; or (3) be hired as an employee of the state or political subdivision, with limited exceptions			X					Passed First Chamber
HO 719 - provides for religious exemptions from COVID vaccine mandates implemented by employers			X			X		Passed First Chamber
HO 734 - provides what officials or boards may order closure of schools to prevent the spread of infectious disease; provides exemptions from measures to prevent the spread of infectious disease, including masks, including authority of parents and guardians to exempt their children from such measures		f, g			X	X		Passed First Chamber
HO 756 - requires the state department of health and welfare to attempt to limit the duration and scope of application of crisis standards of care during an emergency; authorizes the director to declare that crisis standards of care are in effect; provides that under crisis standards of care, all existing and applicable state and federal patient and resident rights shall be applied							X Crisis Standards of Care	Passed First Chamber

[S 1381](#) - provides that a business shall not require vaccination against coronavirus as a condition of employment, unless required by federal law or certain other limited exceptions; prohibits vaccination requirements by state, county, or local government entities and places of public accommodation, unless required by federal law

X

X

Passed First Chamber

Bill & Description

1. Emerg.
Orders

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Authority

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Illinois

[Senate Bill 0643](#) - provides that during a statewide disaster proclaimed by the Governor, local health departments shall report to and be directed by the Department of Public Health

g

Introduced

[House Bill 3682](#) - provides that it is unlawful for an employer to create, implement, or otherwise enforce a workplace vaccination program that requires any employee to demonstrate to the employer that he or she has received a vaccine that was approved under emergency use authorization by the United States Food and Drug Administration

X

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4106](#) - prohibits institutions of higher education from requiring a person to obtain a COVID-19 vaccination or show proof of COVID-19 vaccination as a condition of enrollment or participation in any programs

X

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4131](#) - provides that a school board or the governing board of a nonpublic school has the authority to determine, in consultation with the local health department, whether to implement mask-wearing requirements for school staff, students, and visitors when the Governor has declared a disaster due to a public health emergency related to COVID-19

f

X

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4140](#) - provides that, notwithstanding any other provision of law, hospitals and physicians and health plans and managed care organizations must provide medical facts regarding COVID-19 and vaccines that can be used to protect against COVID-19 to all patients under the care of the hospital, physician, health plan, or managed care organization

X

X
Infor
matio
n
Trans
paren
cy

Introduced

[House Bill 4149](#) - provides that no State or local entity, agency, institution, official, or person shall require a minor to obtain a health care service or take a health-related precaution; provides that no State or local entity, agency, institution, official, or person shall discriminate against a minor because the child has or has not obtained a health care service or has or has not taken any health-related precaution; provides that no public institution of higher education shall require any health care service or health-related precaution to be taken as a condition on enrollment or in-person classroom attendance.

d

X

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4174](#) - provides that a child may not be required to submit proof of having received an immunization against COVID-19 upon enrolling in school nor may a child already enrolled in school be required to receive an immunization against COVID-19; prohibits the Department of Public Health from adopting any rules that require children to receive an immunization against COVID-19

h

X

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4204](#)

See also [House Bill 4297](#)

- provides that, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any requirement for a person to demonstrate proof of COVID-19 vaccination shall be deemed to be met if proof of the presence of COVID-19 antibodies is provided by that person

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4239](#)

See also [Senate Bill 2983](#)

- provides that it shall be unlawful for any person, public or private institution, or public official to discriminate against any person in any manner because of such person's refusal to obtain, receive, or accept a COVID-19 vaccination contrary to his or her belief

X

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4440](#) - provides liability protection for employers in compliance with guidance and safety standards; provides that the Governor's 30 days of emergency powers shall not be extended, renewed, or successively issued by any subsequent disaster proclamations for the same disaster.

b

i

X

Introduced

[House Bill 4471](#) - provides that, to the extent feasible without materially endangering the public's health, the Department of Public Health shall respect and accommodate the religious beliefs, right of conscience, right of bodily integrity, and reasoned differences of medical opinions based upon the advice of medical practitioners or scientific data and reasoning of individuals in implementing provisions; provides that the Department, considering these factors, may order the administration of vaccines, medications, or other treatments to persons as necessary in order to prevent the probable spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease

d

X

Introduced

[HB 210](#);

See also [HB 2915](#); [HB 2932](#); [HB 4401](#)

- provides that in any 12-month period the Governor shall have the authority to issue only one proclamation per disaster and that any further proclamation for the disaster that triggered the original proclamation shall be in force only after legislative approval of the exact language of the proclamation and which the Governor must follow; provides that the Governor shall have no authority to amend or change the language of the proclamation as approved by joint resolution

a,c

i

Introduced

[HB 843](#) - provides that following a proclamation declaring a disaster, the Governor may extend the proclamation or make an additional proclamation regarding the same disaster, but the extension or additional proclamation shall be void and have no legal effect unless the General Assembly approves pursuant to process set out in the bill; provides that the Assembly can be joint resolution declare the Governor's proclamation void

c 1

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Introduced

[HB 1881](#) - provides that Governor may only extend that declaration or make further proclamations regarding the same disaster if the General Assembly approves by resolution unless the General Assembly is unable to convene in which case the proclamation remains in effect.

b

i

Introduced

[HB 2474](#) - prohibits revocation or suspension of occupational or professional licenses issued by any state agency for failure to comply with an executive order related to the COVID-19 unless pursuant to court order; requires notice to the relevant State legislators of the district in which the business or person resides.

g

X

Introduced

[HB 3010](#) - prohibits the Governor or DPH from suspending public and nonpublic school participation in extracurricular activities and programs for any duration even in a declared public health emergency; provides that authority to school districts and nonpublic schools and an associations or other entities that promote, sponsor, regulate or provide interscholastic athletics or athletic competition among schools and students

d

i

X

Introduced

[HB 3042](#) - prohibits the Governor restricting a religious group from conducting a religious service or a resident of the State from attending such services in person

i

X

Introduced

[HB 4529](#)

See also [SB 3888](#)

- provides that after an initial proclamation declaring that a disaster exists, the Governor may only extend that declaration or make further proclamations regarding the same disaster if the General Assembly passes a resolution within 5 calendar days that

b

i

Introduced

approves the extension or further proclamation unless the General Assembly cannot convene, in which case the declaration remains in force.

[HB 4698](#) - prohibits government or employers from taking any action intended to prevent infection and transmission of COVID-19 and from requiring proof of medical or vaccine status of a person, or infringe upon, put conditions on, restrict, or take away a person's ability to fully participate in society based upon a person choosing to accept or decline testing, medical intervention, treatment, or vaccination

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Indiana

[HB 1131](#) - provides that an emergency order issued by: (1) the Indiana state department of health expires after 14 days unless renewal is authorized by the general assembly; and (2) a local health officer order expires after 14 days unless renewal is authorized by the local legislative body.

[SB 31](#) - prohibits an employer from requiring, as a condition of employment, an employee or prospective employee to receive an immunization against COVID-19 if the immunization would pose a significant risk to the employee's or prospective employee's health or if receiving the immunization is against the employee's religious belief; provides for a civil action against an employer for a violation.

[SB 114](#) - provides that certain acts by a person or a government entity concerning an individual's vaccination status or whether an individual has an immunity passport are against public policy; provides that the department of labor may investigate and issue administrative orders for violations or threatened violations; establishes a separate private right of action for violations or threatened violations.

[SB 379](#) - provides that schools (1) may require a student or employee to wear a face mask or face covering on school premises or while using school transportation; and (2) may not require a student or employee to quarantine or isolate unless the student or employee tests positive for COVID-19 or exhibits a symptom of COVID-19; provides that a student or employee who exhibits a symptom of COVID-19 may return to school if the student or employee has a subsequent negative COVID-19 test; requires a school to adopt a policy concerning a student's or employee's religious and medical needs;

provides that certain governmental entities may make recommendations to, but may not impose certain requirements on, a school concerning the prevention of COVID-19

HB 1408 - prohibits a governmental entity or an employer from implementing, requiring, or otherwise enforcing a COVID-19 immunization mandate; authorizes the department of labor to: (1) investigate any complaints of a violation; and (2) issue a fine for a violation; prohibits an employer from requiring a COVID-19 immunization as a condition of employment or to fail to hire, discharge, penalize, or otherwise discriminating against an employee or prospective employee because of immunization status; provides for a civil cause of action if an individual suffers an injury as a result of a violation or threatened violation

SB 287 – provides that a state educational institution may not require an immunization passport and is not entitled to certain statutory immunities if it has a COVID-19 vaccine mandate; provides that the budget agency may not allot certain funds to a state educational institution that requires an immunization passport or has implemented a COVID-19 vaccine mandate;

prohibits the state or a political subdivision to spend public funds promoting a medical treatment for COVID-19, discriminating on the basis of COVID-19 immunization status, requiring a person to answer a question concerning the person's COVID-19 immunization status; and limits the retention of medical records on that immunization status; prohibits the medical licensing board and board of pharmacy from taking disciplinary action against a physician or pharmacist based on the failure to follow guidelines, recommendations, or rules concerning COVID-19; specifies that a physician non-compete agreement may not be enforced against a physician who suffers an adverse employment action due to the physician's opinion, recommendation, or treatment concerning COVID-19.

Provides that a physician may not recommend that a child receive a COVID-19 immunization and may only administer a COVID-19 immunization if the physician provides: (1) a written document describing advantages and risks of a COVID-19 immunization; (2) the document is signed by the parent, guardian, health care representative, or emancipated child; and (3) the parent, guardian, health care representative, or emancipated child gives informed consent for the immunization.

provides that certain governmental entities may make recommendations to, but may not impose certain requirements on, a school concerning the prevention of COVID-19								
<u>HB 1408</u> - prohibits a governmental entity or an employer from implementing, requiring, or otherwise enforcing a COVID-19 immunization mandate; authorizes the department of labor to: (1) investigate any complaints of a violation; and (2) issue a fine for a violation; prohibits an employer from requiring a COVID-19 immunization as a condition of employment or to fail to hire, discharge, penalize, or otherwise discriminating against an employee or prospective employee because of immunization status; provides for a civil cause of action if an individual suffers an injury as a result of a violation or threatened violation			X			X		Introduced
<p><u>SB 287</u> – provides that a state educational institution may not require an immunization passport and is not entitled to certain statutory immunities if it has a COVID-19 vaccine mandate; provides that the budget agency may not allot certain funds to a state educational institution that requires an immunization passport or has implemented a COVID-19 vaccine mandate;</p> <p>prohibits the state or a political subdivision to spend public funds promoting a medical treatment for COVID-19, discriminating on the basis of COVID-19 immunization status, requiring a person to answer a question concerning the person's COVID-19 immunization status; and limits the retention of medical records on that immunization status; prohibits the medical licensing board and board of pharmacy from taking disciplinary action against a physician or pharmacist based on the failure to follow guidelines, recommendations, or rules concerning COVID-19; specifies that a physician non-compete agreement may not be enforced against a physician who suffers an adverse employment action due to the physician's opinion, recommendation, or treatment concerning COVID-19.</p> <p>Provides that a physician may not recommend that a child receive a COVID-19 immunization and may only administer a COVID-19 immunization if the physician provides: (1) a written document describing advantages and risks of a COVID-19 immunization; (2) the document is signed by the parent, guardian, health care representative, or emancipated child; and (3) the parent, guardian, health care representative, or emancipated child gives informed consent for the immunization.</p>		f	X			X	X Restrictions on physician practice and protections against disciplinary action for physicians and pharmacists for failure to follow guidelines, recommendations or	Introduced

							rules concerning COVID-19	
HB 1372 - provides that a physician or advanced practice registered nurse may create a standing order that allows a pharmacist to dispense ivermectin; prohibits a: (1) physician or advanced practice registered nurse who issues; or (2) pharmacist or pharmacy that follows a standing order from seeking or receiving certain personal financial benefits; requires a pharmacist to provide each recipient of ivermectin under a standing order with a standardized information sheet that includes certain information that cannot include information discouraging the recipient from using ivermectin for the treatment of COVID-19; prohibits the medical licensing, nursing and pharmacy boards from disciplining a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or pharmacist for certain failures in following a standing order or a defect in the standing order.		f					X Procedures to enable the use of Ivermectin	Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders

2. Shifts in Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Iowa								
HF 2270 - provides limitations on duration and scope of proclamations of public health or disaster emergencies by the governor; provides limitations on the authority of the state department of public health, including authority related to require vaccination, isolation, and quarantines; requires the state department of public health to create a website for qualified individuals and members of the public to share information and experiences related to a public health emergency or public health disaster	b,d	h,i	X				X Isolation and Quarantine	Introduced
HF2545 See also HSB 647 - prohibits a business, educational institution, employer, or governmental entity from requiring an immunity passport			X			X		Introduced

[SF2031](#) - prohibits disciplinary action against the license of a physician who prescribes hydroxychloroquine or ivermectin for the treatment of COVID-19

X
Hydro
xyl
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iverm
ectin

Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg.
Orders

2. Shifts in
Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Kansas

[SB 295](#) - provides counties with the authority to adopt prioritized COVID-19 vaccination plans separate from state guidelines

e

X

X

Introduced

[SB 409](#) - prohibits certain restrictions on freedom of worship by governmental entities and public officials; limits related disaster emergency powers of the governor and counties and cities and related powers of the secretary of health and environment and local health officers.

c 1, d, e

f,i

X

Introduced

[SB 411](#) - prohibits certain restrictions on the operation of private businesses by governmental entities and public officials, limiting related state of disaster emergency powers of the governor and state of local disaster emergency powers of counties and cities and limiting related powers of the secretary of health and environment and local health officers

X

X

Introduced

[SB 436](#) - provides a right to in-person visitation at medical care facilities and adult care homes, prohibiting certain public health orders related to isolation and quarantine, stay-at-home orders, curfews and face masks, limiting isolation or quarantine orders to recommendations and providing criminal penalties for certain violations, limiting state of disaster emergency powers of the governor and state of local disaster emergency powers of counties and cities related to stay-at-home orders, curfews and face masks and limiting powers of the secretary of health and environment and local health officers

d

f

X

X
Isolati
on and
Quara
ntine

Introduced

[SB 2416](#) - requires compensation for the use, restriction on use, damage, loss or destruction of property as a result of certain governmental actions and authorizing reimbursement of property taxes levied upon businesses shut down or restricted as a result of certain governmental actions related to contagious or infectious disease; modifies procedure for declaring and extending a state of disaster emergency, limiting

b,d

h

X

X

Passed First
Chamber

powers granted to the governor during a state of disaster emergency; authorizes the legislative coordinating council and the legislature to take certain action related to a state of disaster emergency and prohibiting the governor or the state board of education from closing private schools during a state of disaster emergency.

[HB 2048](#) - extends through 2021 the prohibition on governor's proclaiming a new state of disaster emergency related to COVID-19 without approval from six legislative members of the state finance council; provides for orders and proclamations of the governor to be revoked at any time by concurrent resolution of the legislature.

prohibits the governor from ordering, during any state of disaster emergency related to the COVID-19 public health emergency, the closure or cessation of any business or commercial activity or a prevention of the movement or gathering of individuals (until June 1, 2021).

extends expiration of other statutory provisions related to governor's powers, including those regarding extension of the COVID-19 state of disaster emergency when the legislature is not in session by application of the governor to the state finance council (and amends to permit this procedure when the legislature is adjourned for 3+ days).

[HB 2498](#) - prohibits the secretary of health and environment from requiring COVID-19 vaccination for children attending school

[HB 2449](#) - provides that a proclamation issued by the governor pursuant to the emergency management act that regulates business activity shall not last more than 30 days and may be terminated if either the senate or house adopts by a majority vote a resolution disapproving the proclamation; prohibits businesses from, and provides penalties for, refusing to provide service, admission, etc., due to a person's lack of vaccination and states a ticket issuer may not discriminate against such a person.

Prohibits state, county, and local government from requiring vaccination; of any person (except for employees of medical facilities, long-term elder care facilities, or nursing homes and students and faculty of public schools unless student's parent/guardian is opposed to vaccination and objects based on religious grounds or conscientiously held beliefs); requiring vaccination as a condition for government benefits, entrance into a public building, or use of public transportation; providing a special privilege, benefit, or incentive for receiving a vaccination; restricting the manner of any worship service/activity in any way; suspending, regulating, or prohibiting, or limiting the participants in any worship service/activity; restricting any business activity in a manner that prevents a business from providing its products/services to the public if the

a, c 1,d	i				X		Introduced
	g	X			X		Introduced
b, c 1	h	X			X	Isolation and quarantine	Introduced

business has all applicable licenses/permits; requiring that a US citizen remain at home; or imposing on a US citizen a curfew for any public health reason.

[HB 2535](#) - "nullifies" certain federal COVID-19 vaccine requirements, prohibits enforcement of such requirements and provide criminal penalties for violations.

[S 295](#) - provides that counties may adopt prioritized coronavirus vaccination plans separate from state guidelines.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders

2. Shifts in Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Kentucky

[HB 43](#) - prohibits restrictions on religious services during an emergency to a greater extent than imposed on other organizations or businesses that provide essential services; requires a compelling governmental interest to place a burden on a religious organization; prohibits a governmental entity from taking any discriminatory action against a religious organization on the basis that the organization is religious; allows a religious organization to assert a violation of this section as a claim against a governmental entity or as a defense and waives sovereign, governmental, and qualified immunity to the extent of liability under the section; sets out remedies available to a religious organization; requires construction in favor of protecting free exercise of religion

Passed First
Chamber

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders

2. Shifts in Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Louisiana								
HB 12 - provides that the legislature can terminate all or part of emergency declarations	c 1	i						Introduced
HB 47 - requires that any communication issued to students or parents relative to immunization requirements include exemption information and an exemption form			X			X		Introduced
HB 48 - prohibits the administration of vaccines on school property and at school-sponsored events			X			X		Introduced
HB 53 - provides for autonomy in making personal health care decisions, including vaccinations		X						Introduced
HB 126 - provides for unemployment compensation benefits to claimants terminated as a result of vaccination status			X			X		Introduced
HB 354 - prohibits local governments from requiring proof or disclosure of medical status as a condition of participating in a constitutionally protected activity		g	X					Introduced
HCR 2 - suspends criminal penalties for emergency order violations	d	g, h						Introduced
HCR 3 - repeals state health department regulation which added COVID vaccines to the state immunization schedule and required schools to prohibit in-person attendance by certain unvaccinated students.		h	X			X		Introduced
SB 2 - requires acceptance of a COVID-19 antibody test result in satisfaction of any requirement for proof of vaccine			X					Introduced
SB 37 - prohibits denial of healthcare services based on vaccination status			X					Introduced

Maine

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg.
Orders

2. Shifts in
Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Maryland								
HB575 - requires that the Governor can only declare a state of emergency issued for 14 days and can only be extended by the General Assembly and that the Governor convene the General Assembly to discuss the declaration and extend it in increments of no greater than 14 days at a time by a 2/3 majority; prohibits emergency declarations from requiring a stay-at-home order, vaccine requirement, or mask mandate, and exempts religious buildings from any guidance in emergency declarations; creates a private right of action for citizens against the State for damages caused by the emergency declaration	a b d	i	X	X	X	X	X	Introduced
HB701 - repeals the Governor's Power to declare a Catastrophic Health Emergency	a Removes power to declare a health emergency	i						Introduced
HB760 - prohibits the Governor from renewing a state of emergency or catastrophic health emergency for more than 30 days without approval from the General Assembly if in session, or by majority vote of the Legislative Policy Committee; clarifies that state of emergency expires when the length of the state of emergency lapses, unless renewed.	b	i						Introduced
HB779 - provides that, when a public or private entity requires a vaccination against a virus in order to receive services, it must also accept a written statement from a patron that claims they have already been infected with that virus and are no longer contagious; requires the entity to serve someone who makes such a statement and prohibits a demand proof of prior infection			X			X		Introduced
HB799 - prohibits the state and political subdivisions in the state from requiring an applicant for employment or an employee to provide proof of vaccination against COVID-19 as a condition for employment		g h	X			X		Introduced

HB819 See also HB1378 - provides that an individual may use a positive antibody test to satisfy a vaccination requirement for COVID-19 or other influenza-like illnesses			X					Introduced
SB934 - prohibits the State Department of Education from requiring students or school staff to wear a mask in a school; permits local and county Boards of Education to require masks in school buildings for both students and staff.		X (State to Local Boards of Education)			X	X		Introduced
SB935 - restricts the Governor's power to extend a declaration of emergency or catastrophic health emergency by 30-day periods only twice per emergency; further extension of the state of emergency must be approved from the Legislative Policy Committee for each additional 30 days	b c 1							Introduced
HB1267 See also HB1338 - prohibits a state or local official or government entity from requiring an individual to wear a mask, including to enter public buildings, schools, or places of business; provides exceptions for requirements for medical professionals to wear masks and occupational safety face protectors		g h			X	X		Introduced
HB1291 See also HB1292 - prohibits state and local entities from establishing additional vaccine requirements for students beyond those required by the Maryland Department of Health		g	X			X		Introduced
HB1347 - requires that the Secretary of Health provide vaccine exceptions for vulnerable individuals and individuals who object to the Secretary's authority to require vaccines; applies the Secretary's vaccine requirements only to public schools; prohibits any requirement of proof of vaccination or medical testing to obtain employment, travel by air, or access public buildings		h	X	X		X		Introduced

HB1358 - prohibits a school, university, agency, or employer from requiring release of medical information (including vaccination status, diagnosis and test results) and prohibits them from adopting any policy altering access rights based on that information; prohibits any government officials from enforcing or imposing any penalties in the state that would be predicated on the disclosure of that private medical information.			X	X		X		Introduced
HB1376 - requires that any employer that mandates employees to be vaccinated against COVID-19 also provides a pathway for exceptions that include, but is not limited to, antibody or molecular testing for COVID-19 or natural COVID-19 immunity; provides a cause of action for individuals who are fired by employers for failing to get vaccinated or who experience adverse consequences as a result of a COVID-19 vaccination as required by the employer			X	X		X		Introduced
HB1371 - requires that, during a state of emergency or catastrophic health emergency, religious buildings be allowed to operate to the same or greater extent as essential services in the state; does not exempt religious organizations from complying with neutral, generally applicable laws						X		Introduced
HB1378 - permits an individual to use a positive Covid-19 Antibody test in lieu of proof of a Covid-19 Vaccination, except as required by federal law			X	X				Introduced
HB1379 - prohibits a hospital or hospice facility from restricting visitation of a patient's family or health care agent for the purpose of reducing the spread of COVID-19 or responding to another catastrophic health emergency							X Patient Visitation	Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg.
Orders

2. Shifts in
Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Massachusetts

<p>S. 249 - provides that emergency orders issued by the Governor expire after 60 days and that the Governor may seek an extension for a specified number of days, not more than 60; extension must be approved by resolution of Second Chamber, and the chambers may elect to approve an extension shorter than that requested</p> <p>provides that if legislature decides it is unsafe to convene in order to vote, the emergency order is automatically extended 30 days; at the expiration of state of emergency, Governor must issue an executive order to that effect, and the Legislature can end a state of emergency at any time by adopting a joint resolution</p>	b c (1)	i						Introduced
<p>S. 385 - provides that the Governor has sole power during a public health emergency to decide the form of learning provided by public school districts as a result of the emergency</p>		g				X		Introduced
<p>H. 478 - limits declarations of state of emergency for public health reasons to 90 days in duration, unless extended by joint resolution of Second Chamber acting concurrently</p>	b	i						Introduced
<p>H. 482 - prohibits any authority in the commonwealth from prohibiting travel of people from outside the commonwealth to inside; prohibits any authority in the commonwealth from requiring testing of people entering the commonwealth for COVID-19 virus or antibodies, subjecting them to mandatory quarantine periods, requiring them to register their personal information with the commonwealth, and from imposing civil fines for failure to do any of the above</p>				X			X Completely eliminates authority to issue 'travel bans'	Introduced
<p>H. 497 - limits the duration of a state of emergency to 30 days unless a joint resolution is adopted by the legislature with a 3/5 majority in each chamber; the legislature may choose to extend states of emergency for 30 days at a time, but must follow the same voting procedures every 30 days</p>	b	i						Introduced
<p>H. 2424 - requires emergency orders and other regulations issued by commonwealth and local officials that curtail or infringe the rights of private parties to be narrowly tailored to serve a compelling public health or safety purpose;; requires that such orders must be limited in duration, applicability, and scope to reduce infringement on individual liberty; provides that Commonwealth courts have jurisdiction over challenges to such orders</p>	a b c (1) d	i						Introduced

provides that only the Governor may issue such orders, but they can only last 30 days; the legislature can terminate such orders before the 30 days is up using remote means; may also extend such orders; the Governor cannot reissue an emergency order during the pendency of an existing one and cannot issue an emergency order substantially similar to one that has expired except with legislative approval, unless significantly changed circumstances exist - then the governor may call upon the legislature to reconsider the changed circumstances and reissue an order lasting up to 3 days

[HD. 4416](#) - prohibits schools, businesses, public buildings, etc., from requiring vaccination for COVID-19 as a condition for entry

[HD. 4443](#) - provides that Commonwealth employees who are fired as a result of failure to comply with an employer's COVID-19 vaccine mandate to receive automatic unpaid leave of absence for two years

[HD. 4452](#) - prohibits compelled COVID-19 vaccination in order to receive a public benefit or service, or to access any public facility; prohibits termination from employment for failure to receive a COVID-19 vaccination; prohibits officers and employees of the state from issuing or establishing any kind of "vaccine passport"

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Michigan								
HB 4049 - provides that state health director may not issue orders “during a coronavirus epidemic” that close schools to in-person instruction, or prohibit qualified sporting events; provides that local directors may close schools to in-person learning if certain criteria are met.	d	X (State health department to local health department s)				X		Governor Vetoed, legislature failed to override veto. Re-referred to the House Appropriations Committee 03/09/21. Still Pending
HB 4008 - limits public health authority to compel testing, treatment or examination of an individual who objects on personal religious grounds; prohibits compelled testing, treatment or examination of a minor based on a parent’s religious objection; prohibits immunization if the individual or their parent objects on religious or other grounds or if a physician certifies it is or may be detrimental to the individual’s health or inappropriate.			X	X				Introduced
SB 603 - prohibits the state health director and local health officers from issuing an emergency order that requires students to wear face masks, receive an EUA vaccination, or be tested for COVID-19 if asymptomatic in order to enter/attend school, ride a school bus, or participate in a school-sponsored event or that requires anyone to take such actions in order to attend a school-board meeting.	a,d		X	X	X	X		Passed First Chamber
SB 602 - prohibits the state health department from promulgating/enforcing a rule requiring a child to get an EUA vaccine, wear a face mask or be tested for COVID-19 if asymptomatic in order to enter/attend school, ride a school bus, or participate in a school-sponsored event		g	X	X	X	X		Passed First Chamber
SB 250 - limits the state health director’s ability to restrict indoor dining activities, linked to thresholds of COVID-19 positivity rates.		g				X		Passed First Chamber

[SB 257](#)

Introduced in the 2021 session

- prohibits the state health director and the local health officer from issuing an emergency order that would prohibit family members from attending a sporting event, or in-person dining sitting together at the same table; prohibit individuals from more than one household from gathering inside or outside of a private residence or from traveling between one or more properties that the individual own; prohibit a school-sponsored graduation commencement ceremony; or prohibit an individual from buying a good in a store

a, d

g,h

X

Introduced

[SB 428](#) - prohibits the state health and the local health officers from issuing an emergency order that requires an individual under five years old to wear a mask

a, d

g,h

X

Introduced

[SB 495](#) - provides that any emergency order issued by the state health director must include a description of how any gathering prohibition or procedures to be followed in the order would protect the public health and all the information the director used to make the decision to issue the order (e.g., data used to determine the emergency order is necessary to protect public health); prohibits the department from issuing or continuing a statewide emergency order unless certain metrics for hospital surge capacity and positive tests are met.

d

h

X

Introduced

[SB 457](#) - prohibits the state and local health directors from issuing an emergency order that requires vaccination of a minor against COVID-19

d

g,h

X

Introduced

[HB 4267](#)

See also [HB 4269](#)

- provides that any emergency order issued by the state health director is valid for the time period specified in the order or until the order has been in effect for 28 days, whichever is sooner; after 28 days, the emergency order is not valid unless a request from the state health director to extend the order for a specific number of days is approved by resolution of both houses of the legislature

,b,d

h

Introduced

[HB 4268](#) - prohibits the state health director and the local health officer from issuing an emergency order restricting capacity of persons at places of worship and from prohibiting exercise of religious practice; provides that a business that is required to cease operations under a state or local health office's emergency order and continues operation is not in violation of the order if the business complies with each health and safety precaution that the order requires of another business that is allowed to operate under the order

d

g,h

X

Introduced

[HB 4269](#)

See also [HB 4267](#)

- provides that any emergency order issued by the state health director is valid for the time period specified in the order or until the order has been in effect for 30 days, whichever is sooner. After 30 days, the emergency order is not valid unless a request from the state health director to extend the order for a specific number of days is approved by resolution of both houses of the legislature

b

Introduced

[HB 4790](#) - prohibits local government from requiring documentation of COVID-19 immunization or immunity status to enter government property or receive services; includes penalties.

g

X

Introduced

[HB 4791](#)

[HB 4792](#)

- prohibits employers from requiring disclosure of vaccine or immunity status or discriminating against employees based on status of immunization for any disease, including COVID-19.

X

X

Introduced

[HB 5457](#) - provides for exemptions from certain immunizations for children who have previously been infected with SARS-CoV-2

X

X

Introduced

HB 4667 - prohibits any state or local government body, agency, or board from: entering into a contract to produce or issue a vaccination passport; requiring an individual to provide documentation certifying vaccination status to access a public service; imposing a fine, fee, or penalty on an individual based on vaccination status; authorizes the Attorney General, the county prosecuting attorney, and an individual to bring a court action for noncompliance and recover actual costs and attorney fees			X					Passed First Chamber
HB 4736 - prohibits the state health department from promulgating or enforcing a rule requiring an individual to be immunized against COVID-19		h	X					Introduced
HB 4789 - prohibits a state agency from requiring an individual to present documentation disclosing their COVID vaccination or immunity status to gain access to a property owned by a state agency or to receive a service from the state agency; authorizes an individual to sue and recover damages that are set out in a schedule based on the number of judgements against the state and to recover actual attorney fees			X					Introduced
HB 5188 - prohibits the state health or local health directors from issuing an emergency order that would restrict matters pertaining to firearms and other weapons; and authorizes private cause of action.	d						Emergency orders cannot restrict firearms	Introduced
HB 5458 - provides that an individual with positive antibody test result for COVID-19 is exempt from any requirement to receive a COVID-19 vaccine under the public health code			X					Introduced
Sb 600 - prohibits public school districts from requiring EUA COVID-19 vaccines for attendance, transportation etc.; sets out restrictions on school policies requiring an approved vaccine			X					Passed First Chamber
HB 4471 - prohibits requiring certain vaccinations as a condition of employment			X					Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Minnesota

[HF4253](#) - authorizes pharmacists to prescribe ivermectin and hydroxychloroquine for prophylactic use or for the treatment of COVID-19 under specified conditions

ivermectin and hydroxychloroquine

Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders

2. Shifts in Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Mississippi

[HB 1509](#) - prohibits state and local governments and public schools from imposing a COVID-19 vaccine mandate, with an exemption for health care facilities

i

X

Passed First Chamber

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders

2. Shifts in Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Missouri

SB 636 - prohibits employers from imposing vaccination mandates.			X					Introduced
SB 646 - prohibits masking and COVID-19 vaccination policies in schools; requires that parents have choice to send exposed, asymptomatic children to school.			X			X		Introduced
SB 651 - prohibits vaccination mandates imposed by employers.			X			X		Introduced
SB 1203 - limits emergency orders and regulations relating to business closures, face coverings, vaccinations for school attendance, and other activities; provides sole authority of director of department of health and senior services to close schools	b,d	f	X		X	X		Introduced
SB 693 - limits public and private entities, employers, and schools with respect to requirements for COVID-19 testing and vaccination.			X	X		X		Introduced
HB 1465 - prohibits government and business entities from issuing or requiring vaccine passports/documentation			X			X		Introduced
HB 1475 - limits public and private entities, employers, and schools with respect to requirements for COVID-19 testing and vaccination			X			X		Introduced
SB 844 - requires that an emergency be limited to the least restrictive geographic area and least intrusive means possible; limits emergencies proclaimed by the Governor to 10 days unless extended by the General Assembly for no more than 30 days	b,d	i				X		Introduced
HB 1690 - prohibits hospitals and long-term care facilities from restricting visitors for patients, even during a public health emergency.						X	Patient/resident visitation	Introduced
HB 2656 - provides that emergency orders issued by state or local officials be narrowly tailored, and time limited; provides that emergency orders issued by the Governor expire after 30 days, unless an extension is approved by the legislature	b, d,	i						Introduced
HB 2641 - requires the release of scientific evidence in justifying any public health action, including related to COVID-19; limits any use fear or propaganda “or “other tactics of public manipulation; requires pharma to release all information on their products; establishes private cause of action							X – prohibits “tactics of	Introduced

							public manip ulation”	
SB 702 - limits public and private entities, employers, and schools with respect to requirements for COVID-19 testing and vaccination			X			X		Introduced
SB 1203 - limits public health orders and provides for local legislative approval; prohibits mask requirements in schools and COVID-19 vaccination requirements in schools	b	f	X	X	X	X		Introduced
SB 1207 - limits public health orders, provides for local legislative approval; prohibits mask requirements in schools and COVID-19 vaccination requirements in schools	b,c1, d	f	X	X	X	X		Introduced

Montana

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description	1. Emerg. Orders	2. Shifts in Authority	3. Vaccines	4. Testing	5. Masks	6. Places	7. Other	8. Legis. Status
Nebraska								
LB 643 - provides an individual liberty right to accept or decline a vaccination under a mandatory directive			X					Introduced
LB 167 - prohibits public officials from requiring religious organizations to stop operating; provides these organizations can be subject to the same rules as other organizations and can be to the same neutral rules for other organizations unless there is a compelling state interest and least restrictive means imposed to meet that interest.						X		Introduced

Nevada

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

New Hampshire								
HB 1045 - subjects executive emergency orders to legislative oversight by the ethics oversight advisory committee		i						Passed First Chamber
S 288 - prohibits COVID vaccine mandate for school or childcare entry			X					Introduced
S 374 - prohibits COVID vaccine mandate for anyone under 18 or who has had COVID as a condition of employment, education, access to business or places open to the public; provides "matter of conscience" exemptions from COVID vaccination for anyone			X			X		Introduced
H 275 - limits the number of times the Governor may renew a declaration of state of emergency from unlimited to three; authorizes the legislature to renew declaration of state of emergency as often as necessary	b	i						Passed First Chamber with amendments
H 440 - prohibits the suspension of civil liberties during a state of emergency							X	Passed Second Chamber
H 1022 - authorizes pharmacists to dispense Ivermectin under a standing order							dispensing ivermectin	Introduced
H 1037 - provides that an emergency order issued by the Governor is subject to legislative oversight by the ethics oversight advisory committee		i						Passed First Chamber
H 1099 - prohibits state health agency from requiring a vaccine passport as a condition of eligibility for or access to department programs, benefits, or services		i						Passed First Chamber
H 1210 - provides that employers and higher education institutions must allow medical, religious, and conscientious objector exemptions to vaccine mandates and employers may not mandate vaccines approved only under EUA			X			X		Introduced

[H 1224](#) - prohibits state or local government from: requiring masks or other facial coverings in response to COVID-19 or other infectious disease; issuing immunity passports or COVID-19 vaccination status

prohibits businesses from requiring documentation of COVID-19 vaccination status

Prohibits discrimination on the basis of COVID-19 vaccination status by state agencies, employers, and places of public accommodation

[H 1233](#) - prohibits institutions of higher education that receive state funds from imposing vaccine or mask requirements on students

[H 1241](#) - prohibits school districts from imposing COVID vaccination requirement

[H 1271](#) - requires 2/3 vote of approval by legislature of an order by DHHS mandating an individual be vaccinated; restriction on DHHS quarantine powers

[H 1272](#) - prohibits orders issued by local health officers that are repugnant to the constitution or laws of NH or in effect more than 10 days; provides that orders may only be for the purpose of addressing locations that present a clear and present danger

[H 1351](#) - prohibits public and private employers from mandating COVID vaccination

[H 1455](#) - prohibits state enforcement of any federal law, order, or rule that requires an individual, as a condition of employment or any other activity, to provide proof of vaccination against COVID-19 or to submit more than once per month to COVID-19 testing

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

New Jersey

[A 329](#)

[S232](#) - establishes various requirements before a medical professional may administer any vaccine, including a 48-hour waiting period form notification of the benefits and risks of the vaccine and administering the vaccine

[A 351](#)

See also [S 956](#) - requires the Department of Developmental Disabilities to develop guidance for in-person visitation at residential settings and require providers to allow such visitation, during a public health emergency

X

Introduced

Visitation for developmental disabilities residents

[A 774](#) - prohibits government and schools from mandating flu vaccine for those under 18

X (flu)

Introduced

[A 775](#) - prohibits state, county, and local government entities and public and private childcare centers, preschool programs, elementary and secondary schools, and institutions of higher education, from mandating that any person be immunized against COVID, with exception for health care workers

X

Introduced

[A 781](#)

[S 125](#) - prohibits asking an individual about their COVID vaccine status, mandating a COVID vaccine, or requiring a person to show proof of COVID vaccine status in context of the exercise of any privilege or right granted under state or federal law relating to various activities; prohibits discrimination against an individual for not being vaccinated for COVID or for not disclosing their vaccination status; creates a civil cause of action for a violation

X

X

Introduced

[A 1044](#) - nullifies a provision of an emergency order if the Governor violates that provision and creates an affirmative defense to a violation of that provision of the order that the Governor violated the provision

d

i

Nullifies an emergency order if the Governor violates it

Introduced

[A 1632](#)

[S 126](#) - prohibits public and private schools from mandating that students wear masks at school or on busses

X

X

Introduced

S 127 A 1633 - permits religious organizations to engage in religious services during a declaration by governor of a state of emergency or public health emergency; prohibits Governor from requiring religious organizations to comply with health, safety, or occupancy requirements issued by the State or federal government that are applicable to all organizations and businesses that provide essential services								Introduced
S 237 - requires that any entity that requires vaccination/proof of vaccination accept proof of prior COVID infection in lieu of vaccination			X				X	Introduced
S 592 - prohibits state from mandating that businesses confirm vaccination status of patrons			X				X	Introduced
S 596 - requires a state employee to work in person if the duties and responsibilities of the state employee require face-to-face interaction with the public despite state of emergency, with exceptions for medically vulnerable							X requir es certai n state empl oyees to work	Introduced
S 811 - modifies the state Tort Claims Act to make the state strictly liable for injuries caused by state-mandated vaccines			X				X state liabilit y	Introduced
S 836 - prohibits mask mandate at licensed childcare facilities						X		Introduced
S 837 - prohibits mask mandate at youth camps						X		Introduced
S 1106 - prohibits mandatory use of “medical devices” (including masks) by minors without informed parental consent		X				X		Introduced
S 1200 A 3429 - provides that the legislature may terminate a state of emergency declaration by the governor with a 2/3 vote of each house; terminates emergency declarations issued by the governor automatically after 60 days; allows the legislature to extend an emergency declaration by 30 to 90 days with a majority vote of each house; governor	a, b, c(1)							Introduced

must first provide notice in writing 7 days prior to extension of reasons/need for the extension; allows the legislature to vote on matters regarding emergency declarations remotely; prohibits the governor from issuing a second emergency declaration for the same emergency

[S 1280](#) - designates individuals and businesses licensed to perform electrical contracting (heating, air conditioning, refrigerating, ventilating) and plumbing, and those that sell building materials and other hardware used for construction or repair as essential services that may not be ordered to isolate or close during a state of emergency or public health emergency

d	i					X		Introduced

New Mexico

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

New York								
A1172 S3878 - shortens the length of a state disaster emergency declaration from 6 months to 30 days; requires the governor to request extensions of emergency declarations, which may only last 30 days; requires the governor to transmit a weekly report to the legislature during an emergency; requires that the Governor must solicit input from and communicate with parties affected by the suspension of a law due to an emergency declaration	b	i						Introduced
A2081A - directs the commissioner of health to mandate a COVID-19 vaccine for residential healthcare facilities, and to prioritize distribution of vaccines to those facilities		h	X				X	Introduced
A4720 - prohibits the governor from issuing an executive order or giving direction to an executive agency to take action that contradicts state law	a,b,c,							Introduced
A6581 - requires the Department of Health to develop a prioritized COVID-19 vaccine appointment process for individuals 75 years and older		h	X				X	Introduced

							Resource allocation	
A7100 - prohibits mandatory immunizations against COVID-19; limits civil liability for employers; prohibits requiring vaccination for education, employment, travel, or other activities; creates a “vaccine bill of rights”			X					Introduced
A7104 - decreases allowable extensions on emergency orders from 30 days to 15 days; requires extensions to be specified by county; allows the legislature to authorize multiple extensions of up to 30 days each	b	i						Introduced
A8101 - prohibits state agencies from promulgating rules, regulations, or guidance requiring individuals under the age of 18 who do not have COVID-19 symptoms to wear a mask in a public place or while participating in recreational or organized sports		i			X			Introduced
A8372 S7392 - prohibits day care centers from requiring children five and under to wear masks					X	X		Introduced
A8487 - requires the commissioner of health to calculate community transmission of COVID-19 on a district-wide basis, prohibits schools with a transmission rate below the CDC threshold for high transmission from requiring masks, but schools that meet the threshold may be required to follow guidelines established by the commissioner					X	X		Introduced
S1474 A4888 - terminates Executive Orders that concern education in the state; gives the Board of Regents, Commissioner of Education, and the Education Department all responsibility to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic; states that future executive orders relating to education should be based on a specific request from the Board of Regents	a, d	i				X		Introduced
S1749 A4907 - limits the power of the governor to suspend laws during a state disaster emergency; requires every emergency declaration to be based on a county-by-county analysis; restricts state emergency declarations to 45 days unless the legislature approves an extension; allows county executives and the Mayor of NYC to request a termination of state of emergency related to their jurisdiction; requires due process protections for any actions that impair fundamental constitutional rights; requires a specification and explanation of which municipalities are affected by such suspension of laws	a b c d	i						Introduced
S2246 - eliminates the power of the governor to issue any directive necessary to respond to a state disaster	a							Introduced

S4376 A4269 - prohibits mandatory immunization against the coronavirus			X					Introduced
S4530 - for purposes of priority for the COVID-19 vaccine, provides that public officials may not be given priority over healthcare workers, vulnerable populations, or first responders, solely because they are public officials			X					Introduced
S4888 - removes the expanded criteria for emergency declarations, removes the governor's authority to issue directives during an emergency declaration	a							Introduced
S5157 A7042 - establishes strict liability against the state for injuries caused by administration of a state mandated immunization			X				X Liability	Introduced
S5328 - gives the comptroller power to review emergency contracts when the governor suspends provisions relating to approval of contracts by state agencies, and report to the legislature with concerns and recommendations		i						Introduced
S5718 - provides that during declared state of emergency, the legislature may override executive orders, and allow schools to stay open if they can maintain social distancing of three feet		i				X		Introduced
S6064 A7103 - authorizes the legislature to modify an executive order; requires the governor to notify each member of the legislature no later than 5 days prior to any proposed extension or modification of an executive order of their request for authorization to do so; requires the governor to notify a municipality if an executive order will explicitly affect it	b	i						Introduced
S6747 - prohibits making COVID-19 immunizations mandatory for children, incapacitated persons, students or staff of employment institutions or day care facilities; prohibits requiring people to carry/present proof of vaccination			X					Introduced
S6775 - adds vaccinated persons as a protected class under civil rights law; prohibits discrimination against a person due to their receipt of a vaccination			X					Introduced
S7268 - prohibits a government entity from requiring individuals to receive a COVID-19 vaccine			X					Introduced
S7269 - prohibits any government entity from requiring individuals to wear face coverings		i			X			Introduced

[S7322](#)

See also

[A4602](#) - prohibits making COVID-19 immunizations mandatory for attendance at school or day care, travel, transportation, entering public buildings, employment, nursing home residency, or receiving government services; prohibits requiring proof of vaccination; prohibits incentives for administering or receiving vaccination

[S7403](#)

[A8335](#) - allows employees that refuse a coronavirus vaccine to be eligible for unemployment insurance

[S7545](#) - provides that a proclamation extending a local state of emergency issued by the local executive is subject to approval of the local governing body; limits duration to 5 days, requiring approval for each extension

X

Introduced

X

X

Introduced

a
b

f

Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

North Carolina

[HB 572](#) - prohibits vaccine mandate by executive order, rule, or agency; prohibits Governor from using an executive order to require that an individual receive a COVID-19 vaccine and prohibits the Division of Emergency Management from amending the North Carolina Emergency Operations Plan from requiring immunization if that requirement was implemented by an executive order; prohibits state public health authorities and licensing agencies from imposing a COVID-19 vaccine mandate

d

i

X

Passed First Chamber

North Dakota

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Ohio								
HB 90 - establishes health oversight and advisory committee to oversee actions taken by the governor or department of health during a public health state of emergency; and the department of health for preventing the spread of contagious or infectious diseases; imposes time limits on governor's declarations	b	i						Introduced
HB 267 - limits the duration of public health order or rule during a public health emergency to no more than 14 days but does not apply to the declaration of emergency itself; provides that the legislature may extend up to 14 days at a time and if not extended the state health department may not reissue a similar order or rule within 60 days; provides that the legislature may request issuance of a rule or order, and if refused, the legislature may issue the rule or order for 14 days.	b	i						Introduced
HB 324 - prohibits state and local health departments from restricting or prohibiting in-person patient visitation in hospitals for disease control purposes						X	X Hospit al visitati on	Introduced
HB 350 - prohibits persons, political subdivisions, public officials, and states agencies from mandating COVID-19 vaccination or requiring that an individual show proof of vaccination or provide their vaccination status; provides that information relating to vaccination status is confidential and shall not be disclosed without written consent			X					Introduced
House Bill 388 - prohibits a place of public accommodation from denying service, entry, or access to or segregate an individual in the place of public accommodation because the individual refuses to be vaccinated against a disease for any reason or providing any disposition, service, financial aid, or benefit to an individual that is different from that provided to other individuals because the individual refuses to be vaccinated.			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 400 - prohibits public schools from requiring students to wear a mask or other facial covering on school premises or a school bus					X	X		Introduced
House Bill 401 - exempts an injury or disability caused by an employer-mandated COVID-19 vaccination from the Workers' Compensation Law and allow the employee to sue the employer for damages			X			X		Introduced

House Bill 411 - prohibits mandatory disclosures related to an individual's COVID-19 vaccination status to enter a building, facility, or place controlled, operated, or owned by any business, state agency, political subdivision, or public official or to receive a service provided by any of those entities			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 424 - prohibits a political subdivision, public official, public school, state agency, or state institution of higher education from requiring COVID-19 vaccinations, denying an individual services based on COVID-19 vaccination status, or taking adverse employment action based on COVID-19 vaccination status			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 425 - prohibits businesses, political subdivisions, public officials, schools, and state agencies from requiring an individual to receive a vaccine, drug, biological product, or genetic immunotherapy utilizing mRNA, DNA, or any other genetic vaccine technology or from requiring face coverings.			X		X	X		Introduced
House Bill 463 - eliminates general health district advisory councils and transfers their duties and responsibilities to boards of county commissioners.		f						Introduced
House Bill 477 - prohibits employers, public schools, and public and private colleges from require employees or students to receive a vaccine that uses mRNA, DNA, or any other genetic vaccine technology or the vaccine has not been issued a biologics license or otherwise received full approval by the FDA. Prevents termination of employment or expulsion from school for those who do not receive a vaccination.			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 481 - prohibits schools, institutions of higher education, employers, and places of public accommodation from requiring COVID-19 vaccinations or proof of vaccination.			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 489 - provides that students and employees have the right to object to certain vaccines and other treatments based on reasons of conscience, including religious convictions.			X			X		Introduced
SB 169 - prohibits persons, political subdivisions, public officials, and states agencies from mandating COVID-19 vaccination or requiring that an individual show proof of vaccination or provide their vaccination status; provides that information relating to vaccination status is confidential and shall not be disclosed without written consent			X					Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Oklahoma								
HB 2978 - provides employer liability and provides compensation for employees denied vaccination exemption			X			X		Introduced
HB 3148 - provides exemption procedures for a minor or adult relating to immunization, vaccination, mask, and medical requirements			X		X			Introduced
HB 3156 - prohibits vaccination mandates by public or private employers; prohibits certain liability from exposure to any virus, infection or disease for public and private employers			X		X			Introduced
HB 3161 - creates the Oklahoma Vaccination Law of 2022			X					Introduced
HB 3192 - requires a waiting period for vaccinations; requires appointments; limits testing prohibits certain testing methods; provides religious and personal objection exemptions for employer vaccination requirements; creates the Oklahoma State Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System			X;	X		X		Introduced
HB 3203 - provides exemptions for COVID-19 vaccines and prohibits vaccinations requirements			X					Introduced
HB 3239 - authorizing physicians to prescribe hydroxychloroquine or ivermectin for the treatment and prevention of COVID-19						X	X	Introduced
HB 3241 - prohibits discrimination based on vaccination status and provides exemptions for individuals to decline to be vaccinated based on medical or religious grounds			X			X		Introduced
HB 3245 - prohibits discrimination based on vaccination status and provides exemptions for individuals to decline to be vaccinated based on medical or religious grounds			X			X		Introduced
HB 3247 - preempts public health field of legislation relating to employment-related vaccination mandates; nullifies any federal statute, rule, or executive order relating to employment related vaccination mandates; creates employer liability for adverse events caused by vaccinations when such vaccinations are a condition of employment		X	X			X	X Purpo rts to nullify federa l law	Introduced

HB 3788 - provides for employer liability and liability compensation for employees denied vaccination mandate exemption			X			X		Introduced
HB 3878 - requires mandatory employer vaccination policies to include certain exemptions			X			X		Introduced
HB 4294 - provides license protections for physicians for prescribing or recommending treatments related to COVID19							X	Introduced
HB 4316 - provides that vaccination status is inadmissible evidence in certain circumstances involved in the determination of the fitness of a parent or guardian in any cases involving governmental entities			X					Introduced
HB 4321 - prohibits the offering of incentives for COVID-19 vaccination for children			X					Introduced
HB 4322 - prohibits governmental COVID-19 vaccine advertising			X					Introduced
SB 765 Carry over of previous SB 765 - requires employer mandating vaccination participation as it relates to COVID-19 to allow for privacy exemption for their employee or contractor to refuse disclosure of his or her vaccination or immunization status			X			X	X	Introduced
SB 1095 - prohibits vaccination mandate by state entity, political subdivision, private entity or hospital as a condition of employment, licensure, certification or degree or from admittance to any business, entertainment or transportation			X			X		Introduced
SB 1106 - provides liability for employers who mandate vaccination and punitive damages of one million dollars if the employer requires the vaccine without confirming its safety			X			X		Introduced
SB 1124 - prohibits vaccination mandates and actions by state and private entities, political subdivisions and hospitals, and provides exemption from civil liability if an employee develops infection.			X			X		Introduced
SB 1128 - prohibits vaccinations as a condition of employment by a business entity			X			X		Introduced
SB 1157 - expands unemployment benefits for individuals who are fired or placed on unpaid leave for their refusal to get vaccinated			X			X		Introduced
SB 1171 - provides that governing boards of private schools are prohibited from requiring students to receive a COVID-19 vaccination, having a vaccine passport, requires procedures for implementing a mask mandate			X		X	X		Introduced

[SB 1186](#) - prohibits hiring discrimination based on vaccination status and prohibits vaccine mandates for state employment

[SB 1525](#) - provides for over the counter (without prescription) availability of hydroxychloroquine and ivermectin

[SB 1642](#) - requires licensed practitioner to inform patient of certain information prior to administration of vaccine

[SB 1711](#) - requires the Attorney General to monitor and evaluate any action by the federal government for any rules or regulations promulgated by an agency, acts of Congress, practice, or policy that infringes on an individual's religious liberties in the workplace

SB 1186 - prohibits hiring discrimination based on vaccination status and prohibits vaccine mandates for state employment			X			X		Introduced
SB 1525 - provides for over the counter (without prescription) availability of hydroxychloroquine and ivermectin							X Availa bility of hydor ychlo roquin e and iverm ectin	Introduced
SB 1642 - requires licensed practitioner to inform patient of certain information prior to administration of vaccine			X					Introduced
SB 1711 - requires the Attorney General to monitor and evaluate any action by the federal government for any rules or regulations promulgated by an agency, acts of Congress, practice, or policy that infringes on an individual's religious liberties in the workplace					X		X Religi ous liberti es in the workp lace	Introduced

Oregon

No pending legislation included.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg.
Orders

2. Shifts in
Authority

3. Vaccines

4. Testing

5. Masks

6. Places

7. Other

8. Legis. Status

Pennsylvania								
HB 55 SB 2 - provides that a disaster emergency declaration by the governor shall be in effect no more than 21 days unless extended in whole or in part by concurrent resolution of the legislature	b	i						Passed First Chamber
HB 1225 - prohibits requirement of vaccinations by business entities, ticket issuers (entertainment and sports), government entities and officials (with some limited exceptions); prohibits incentives to those who receive COVID vaccination; prohibits state, county, or local government from restricting, suspending, regulating, or prohibiting religious worship services or activities; provides that regardless of a gubernatorial declaration of emergency, a state, county, or local government may not restrict business activity in any way that prevents it from providing its products and services to the public; prohibits "stay at home" orders and curfews	b,d		X			X		Introduced
HB 1439 - prohibits Governor, Department of Health, a state agency, board or commission, county executive or a governing body of a municipality from adopting or enforcing a state law, ordinance, regulation, rule, or order that mandates: vaccination at any time; isolation or quarantine based solely or primarily on the individual's vaccination status at any time; requiring vaccination as a condition of receiving government benefits, services, licenses or permits, access to a public building or public transportation; providing any special privilege, financial benefit or other incentive to an individual receiving vaccination			X					Introduced
SB 471 - prohibits the mandatory vaccination of residents by the Commonwealth, political subdivisions or as a condition of employment			X			X		Introduced
HB 1478 - prohibits a business entity, government authority or place of accommodation to require proof of COVID-19 vaccination.			X			X		Introduced
HB 1986 - provides for exemption to COVID-19 vaccine requirement in places of public accommodation and private and government entities based on previous infection, antibodies or negative test within 14 days			X			X		Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Rhode Island								
HB 7121 - prohibits discrimination against graduate students who have a religious or medical exemption from vaccination as to participation in an experiential learning placement, like internships			X			X		Introduced
HB 7321 - prohibits public agencies and private businesses from requiring proof of COVID-19 vaccine before permitting any individual from entering the building or business, unless the business precluded access in common practice prior to the current pandemic			X			X		Introduced
SB 2110 - limits the governor to one 30-day renewal of a declaration of emergency without a joint resolution of the general assembly	b							Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

South Carolina								
H 3126 - provides restrictions on COVID-19 vaccine mandates for the State, political subdivisions, and private employers; provides funding for testing by private employers under a federal vaccine mandate; provides religious and medical exemption for COVID-19 vaccine requirement		X	X			X		Passed First Chamber
H 3217 (Similar to H 3511) - provides exemption from infectious or contagious disease for any reason; prohibits regulatory authorities from interfering with prescribing practices of a practitioner			X					Introduced
H 4341 - prohibits implementation of federal orders at the state or local level; authorizes the legislative council to review any presidential, executive order, law, treaty, regulation, rule, or regulatory order issued, adopted, or implemented after January 1, 2021, and refer to AG for a constitutional determination and to submit findings to legislature for consideration.							X Prohibits implementation of	Introduced

							federal law	
H 4505 - prohibits public institutions of higher learning from requiring students and employees wear a face mask					X	X		Introduced
H 4507 - prohibits state entity, including school district, from requiring that individuals wear a mask					X	X		Introduced
H 4516 - provides that an employer may not terminate an employee for declining to receive a COVID-19 vaccination if the employee received monoclonal therapy or previously diagnosed with COVID-19			X			X		Introduced
H 4555 (Similar to S0900) - prohibits certain governmental infringement on the fundamental rights of parents to direct the upbringing of their children except in limited circumstances; provides that parents can exempt their children from immunizations for school attendance; increases the age of consent to 18 for certain health care services			X			X		Introduced
H 4556 - allows students to attend public schools regardless of their vaccination status; prohibits DOH and school restrictions requiring COVID-19 vaccinations of students in public schools			X			X		Introduced
H 4560 (Similar to S 0889) - prohibits any person, governmental entity or employer from requiring information or refuse employment based on vaccination status or immunity passport; exceptions for schools, childcare and health care facilities.			X					Introduced
H 4561 - prohibits state and political subdivisions from requiring COVID-19 vaccinations for first responders			X			X		Introduced
H 4565 - prohibits the required disclosure of a personal medical record or receipt of medical care as a condition of employment or to secure, receive, or access any public facility, benefit, or services; prohibits "medical requirements" in the workplace related to a communicable disease for which the employee is not symptomatic; prohibits schools from promoting and administering vaccinations to students			X			X		Introduced

[H 4764/ H 4545](#) - establishes civil liability in certain circumstances for any public, nonprofit, or private entity that requires students, employees, members, or anyone else seeking admission on the entity's premises to be vaccinated for COVID-19, and whose mandatory COVID-19 vaccine policy or practice proximately causes a person to suffer adverse health consequences, loss of income, or other consequential damages.

[H 5018](#) - requires patient and resident visitation rights in certain health care facilities during declared disasters and emergencies

[H 5019](#) - requires certain health care facilities to permit essential caregivers access to residents during a public health emergency

[HB 3511](#) - prohibits discrimination against individuals who exercise their right not to be vaccinated; allows individuals to opt out of vaccinations

[HJR 4508](#) - prohibits any state government entity, including school districts, from requiring COVID-19 vaccination

[HJR 4509](#) - provides that the DHEC may not expend funds on any mandatory enforcement, enforcement, coercion, requirement, or guidance of face masks, covid-19 testing, or COVID-19 vaccines

[HJR 4552](#) - prohibits public institutions of higher learning from requiring students and employees to receive Covid-19 vaccinations or demonstrate proof of having received Covid-19 vaccinations as a condition to being present without wearing a face mask at any facility

[S 0002](#)
(Similar to
[H 3766](#)) - creates Department of Behavioral and Public Health

		X			X		Introduced
					X	X Patien t/resid ent visitati on	Introduced
					X	X Patien t/resi dent right to two essen tial care givers	Introduced
		X		X			Introduced
		X			X		Introduced
	i	X					Introduced
		X			X		Introduced
	X						Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

South Dakota

[HB 1281](#) - requires approval of the release of federal funds by a special legislative budgeting committee before state government may spend the federal funds on a new program, or on a current program if a policy change would be required; federal funds specifically identified include funds appropriated under the American Rescue Plan Act, Infrastructure and Jobs Act, and Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act.

X
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Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Tennessee

[HB 1871 / SB 1982](#) - prohibits governmental entities, local education agencies, schools, and private businesses from adopting or enforcing laws, rules, or practices that fail to recognize natural immunity as providing a level of immune protection that is at least as protective as a COVID-19 vaccine or treat individuals with natural immunity differently than individuals who have received the COVID-19 vaccine

X

X

Introduced

[HB 2068 / SB 2786](#) - requires a private business who mandates routine COVID-19 testing for a specific category of individuals to require such testing for all employees, contractors and contractors' employees

X

X

Introduced

[SB 2009](#)
(Cross filed [HB2073](#) -Failed) - prohibits a place of entertainment that receives public funds of the state, or any political subdivision from compelling or taking an adverse action to compel a person to provide proof of vaccination for COVID-19.

X

X

Introduced

<p>SB 2025</p> <p>(See also HB 2311- Cross filed/ Failed) - prohibits requiring COVID-19 vaccination or proof of vaccination as condition of employment or in order to enter any building, facility, or property that is generally open to the public; permits requirement as a condition of entry into a hospital or other healthcare facility that is being used for treatment of a person at high risk of death from exposure to a communicable disease.</p>			X			X		Introduced
<p>HB 2452 / SB 2151 - prohibits certain actions taken by a person, public officer, public employee, governmental entity, employer, or place of public accommodation against an individual on the basis of the individual's vaccination status, immunity status, or whether the person has an immunity passport</p>		X	X					Introduced
<p>SB 2474</p> <p>(See also HB 2501 Cross filed/ Failed) - prohibits discrimination based on a person's vaccination status for COVID-19 or possession of an immunity passport evidencing immunity from COVID-19.</p>			X					Introduced
<p>HB 2713 / SB 2633 - holds a private employer that requires an employee to receive a vaccination against COVID-19 as a condition to continued employment liable for damages resulting to the employee from an adverse reaction to the vaccination</p>			X			X		Introduced
<p>HB 2745 - prohibits discrimination on the basis of a patient's COVID-19 vaccine status as it relates to organ transplants</p>			X					Introduced
<p>HB 2778 / SB 2169 - requires hospitals to permit at least one family member or patient representative who meets certain conditions to visit a patient of the hospital during end-of-life situations if a disaster, emergency, or public health emergency for COVID-19 has been declared.</p>	X					X	X hospit al patien t visitati on	Introduced
<p>SB 1197 (Cross filed HB 1137 - prohibits the state, a political subdivision, or a public official from prohibiting or imposing additional restrictions on the lawful operations of a church or religious organization during a state of emergency, major disaster, or natural disaster; restricts a county health officer from issuing an order closing or limiting the operations of a church or religious organization</p>						X		Introduced

SB 2156

See also [HB 2117](#) -(Cross filed/ Failed) - requires an employer with a policy requiring employees to receive a medical procedure to provide an exemption and reasonable accommodations to each employee who refuses to receive the medical procedure based on the employee's religious beliefs; defines "medical procedure" as any drug, device, or product for which use is authorized by an emergency use authorization by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and includes the COVID-19 vaccine.

SB 2381 / HB 1645

- expands the offense of civil rights intimidation to create a Class D felony, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$5,000, for taking adverse action, as defined in this bill, against an employee who has expressly objected to the COVID-19 vaccination based upon the employee's religious beliefs, creed, or conscience, with the intent to unlawfully intimidate or force the employee to obtain a COVID-19 vaccination

SB 2574 / HB 2523

- requires nursing homes and assisted-care living facilities to permit at least one family member or resident representative who meets certain conditions to visit a resident of the facility during end-of-life situations if a disaster, emergency, or public health emergency for COVID-19 has been declared.

SB 2621 / HB 2506

- authorizes physicians, physician assistants, and advanced practice registered nurses to prescribe and pharmacists to dispense ivermectin via standing order

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Texas**Senate Bill 11**

- prohibits governmental entities to require COVID-19 vaccination or "post-transmission recovery" documentation and prevents employers from discrimination based on vaccine status.

House Bill 33 - prohibits companies and hospitals from requiring employees to receive the COVID-19 vaccine			X			X		Introduced
Senate Bill 35 - provides that employers, labor organizations, and employment agencies must allow individuals to seek exemptions from COVID-19 vaccination			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 37 - provides that employers, labor unions, and employment agencies must permit individuals to seek vaccination exemptions based on philosophical or religious reasons; employers are not permitted to discharge employees on the basis of seeking an exemption			X			X		Introduced
Senate Bill 49 - prohibits hospitals from non-federal state or government funding to compensate travel nurses if the travel nurse is hired to fill a position that is vacant because the hospital terminated a nurse for failing to comply with a vaccine mandate			X			X		Introduced
Senate Bill 53 - provides that local government entities may require employees to provide proof of COVID-19 vaccination status but employees must be permitted to seek medical or religious exemptions from vaccination			X		X			Introduced
House Bill 93			X					Introduced
Senate Bill 99 - prohibits government entities from mandating COVID-19 vaccination								
House Bill 109 - provides that employers, labor unions, and employment agencies must allow individuals to claim exemptions from COVID-19 vaccine mandates or may not refuse to hire or discharge an individual for claiming an exemption			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 110 - prohibits institutions of higher learning from requiring COVID-19 vaccination for students residing in dorms or student housing or from attending in-person classes or events			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 119 - provides that non-compete covenants may not be enforced between employers and employees discharged for failure to obtain COVID-19 vaccination			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 134 - provides that employers must allow individuals to seek religious, philosophical, and medical exemptions from COVID-19 vaccine requirements			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 137			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 169 - provides that companies that receive government contracts or financial benefits may not require employees to receive the COVID-19 vaccine; prohibits a state agency or political subdivision from contracting with a company for goods or services unless the contract specifies that the company will not require employees to receive the COVID-19 vaccine								

[House Bill 163](#)

[House Bill 172](#) - provides that a border security officer license may be issued to an individual who served in the U.S. armed forces and was discharged for refusing a COVID-19 vaccine

[House Bill 170](#) - provides that students may not be required to receive the COVID-19 vaccine as a prerequisite of enrollment in elementary, secondary, or higher education schools

[House Bill 171](#) - provides that a person who has not been vaccinated for philosophical or religious reasons may be excluded from schools in declared emergencies, except if the vaccination is required for the prevention of COVID-19.

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Utah

[Senate Joint Resolution 3](#) - terminates a public health order of constraint in Salt Lake County that requires the wearing of a mask or face covering

[House Bill 63](#) - requires an employer to exempt an employee or a prospective employee from a COVID-19 vaccine requirement if they submit a physician's note stating they were previously infected

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Vermont

[H 283](#) - recognizes right to bodily integrity and prohibits discrimination or harm based on individual's decision on bodily integrity, including whether to be vaccinated, receive medical treatment, or be subject to medical testing; applies to employment, education, chic care, insurance, religion, public benefits, and sports/camps

H 322 - provides for a conscientious or personal belief exception from all vaccination requirements for school or childcare entry			X			X		Introduced
H 452 - prohibits COVID-19 passport by businesses or to attend public events			X			X		Introduced
H 573 - prohibits discrimination based on vaccination status in public accommodations, housing, and employment			X		X			Introduced
H 595 - allows essential caregivers to visit residents of long-term care facilities during a public health emergency						X	X Essential caregivers' access to long-term care facilities.	Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Virginia								
H 646 - removes the requirement that each hospital, nursing home, and certified nursing facility establish protocols for patient visits from a rabbi, priest, minister, or clergy of any religious denomination or sect during a declared public health emergency related to a communicable disease of public health threat						X	X Patient visitation	Introduced

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Washington								
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House Bill 1004 - requires that emergency orders be narrowly tailored to the emergency and use the least restrictive means necessary to accomplish a compelling government interest; limits emergency orders to 30 days unless extended or modified by the legislature through concurrent resolution	b, d	i						Introduced
House Bill 1013 - authorizes the house and senate to petition to limit the duration of any agency's emergency rule issued in response to the Governor's proclamation of a state of emergency		g,h						Introduced
House Bill 1017 - requires that emergency orders be narrowly tailored to the emergency and use the least restrictive means necessary to accomplish a compelling government interest; authorizes the leadership of the senate and the house of representatives to petition to limit the duration of an emergency order	d	i						Introduced
House Bill 1020 - prohibits the Governor's emergency orders from continuing longer than 30 days unless extended by the legislature through concurrent resolution	b	i						Introduced
House Bill 1029 - requires the Governor, when declaring a state of emergency, to identify the area of the state in which the emergency exists, which may not exceed one county per proclamation; requires the Governor, when declaring a state of emergency, to identify the specific facts giving rise to the emergency; limits the duration of a state or local emergency proclamation to 14 days, unless extended by the legislature; requires state and local emergency orders to be narrowly tailored, using the least restrictive means to accomplish the compelling government interest of protecting the public	b,d	i						Introduced
House Bill 1065 - prohibits any government or private entity from requiring an "epidemic or pandemic" vaccine (including those for COVID-19) if certain enumerated qualifications are not met; establishes medical, philosophical, and religious exceptions to "epidemic or pandemic" vaccine mandates			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 1158 - requires the governor's emergency orders to be narrowly tailored, using the least restrictive means to accomplish a compelling government interest; provides that the governor's emergency orders cannot continue for longer than 30 days unless the legislature extends the order; authorizes leadership of the senate and the house of representatives to petition to limit the duration of the emergency rule	b, d	i						Introduced
House Bill 1244 - prohibits the department of health from imposing civil penalties for an employer's first violation relating to a business activity or condition of operation under an emergency order		h						Introduced

House Bill 1317 - provides that individuals have the right to refuse certain health-related measures, notwithstanding any order dictating otherwise; authorizes individuals to decline to submit to orders or directives involving certain health measures; prohibits private and public entities from affecting a person's ability to participate in services and lifestyle choices, such as religion, employment, education, and entertainment, based on a person choosing to decline health-related measures; provides that a person can only be required to quarantine or isolate if they are infected with a communicable disease and are also exhibiting symptoms of that disease	d	i					X Isolation and Quarantine	Introduced
House Bill 1321 - overrides the Governor's authority to limit activities of business, facilities, and institutions in response to the COVID-19 pandemic	d	i						Introduced
House Bill 1381 - limits the duration of the Governor's proclamation of an emergency to 14 days, unless extended by the legislature; requires that a Governor's proclamation of emergency be the least restrictive or intrusive means; prohibits an agency from adopting an emergency rule that relates to a state of emergency declared by the governor or legislation that relates to the declared state of emergency; prohibits an agency from amending or repealing an existing emergency rule unless expressly authorized by the governor or legislature	b d	h						Introduced
House Bill 1420 - requires that critical school employees receive priority for receipt of the COVID-19 vaccine			X			X	Vaccine Priority	Introduced
House Bill 1442 - requires the secretary of the department of health to submit pandemic preparedness and response plans to affected government agencies to be assessed through a balancing test provided by the legislature; requires local health jurisdictions to submit pandemic preparedness and response plans to be approved by the secretary		g,h						Introduced
House Bill 1547 Senate Bill 5469 - voids civil penalties imposed by agencies for violating activities or conditions regulated under COVID-19 emergency proclamations	d	g, h						Introduced
House Bill 1553 Senate Bill 5473 - authorizes public places, lands, facilities, and religious institutions to operate at certain capacities notwithstanding any conflicting emergency orders; supersedes any conflicting emergency orders or proclamations issued by the Governor or the secretary	d	g,h,i				X		Introduced
House Bill 1557 - limits the duration of a Governor's proclamation of a state of emergency to 60 days, unless the legislature extends the proclamation; authorizes the legislature to terminate the Governor's proclamation of a state of emergency at any time	b c 1							Introduced

House Bill 1570 - prohibits a government entity from requiring proof of COVID-19 vaccination to access public places			X			X		Introduced
House Bill 1609 - limits agency authority to align with federal standards during public health emergencies; prohibits the health department from issuing employment health and safety standards unless OSHA standards are issued, and the department's standards cannot be more restrictive than OSHA standards		h	X		X			Introduced
House Bill 1680 - prohibits any government entity from treating individuals who have had a previous COVID-19 infection differently from individuals who have received a COVID-19 vaccine; explicitly preempts any inconsistent local laws, ordinances, and regulations		g,h	X					Introduced
House Bill 1720 Senate Bill 5144 - establishes religious, philosophical, and personal exemptions for any COVID-19 vaccine mandates issued by a state agency or political subdivision; prohibits employers, schools, transportation providers, and public places from requiring COVID-19 vaccinations; nullifies any inconsistent rules, ordinances, orders, policies, and actions		g,h	X			X		Introduced
House Bill 1887 - prohibits the state board of health, the department of health, governing bodies of schools and day care centers, and the Washington interscholastic activities association from requiring children participating in sports to wear face masks or be tested for COVID-19; prohibits the governor from waiving or suspending laws in emergencies that would conflict with this prohibition	d	h, i		X	X	X		Introduced
Senate Bill 5037 - establishes metrics that school districts must follow to determine education modality for schools; prohibits the Governor from issuing orders that conflict with the enumerated education modalities; requires the secretary of health, the state board of health, and local health officers to act in accordance with the enumerated education modalities	a	g,h,i				X		Introduced
Senate Bill 5100 - prohibits any governmental agency from issuing emergency orders without legislative approval	a	g,h					Limits executive authority	Introduced
Senate Bill 5144 - prohibits state agencies and political subdivisions from requiring or conditioning services or amenities on COVID-19 vaccination; prohibits employers, schools and universities, transportation providers, and places of public accommodation from requiring COVID-19 vaccination			X			X		Introduced
Senate Bill 5681 - provides for an exemption from COVID-19 vaccination for proof of COVID-19 antibodies			X					Introduced

[Senate Bill 5682](#) - provides that all state citizens have the freedom to choose whether to be vaccinated against COVID-19, notwithstanding any government or private-entity mandate; authorizes parents and guardians to exempt their children from COVID-19 vaccine requirements in schools “for any reason”

[Senate Bill 5777](#) - provides that a child’s attendance in school cannot be conditioned on their COVID-19 vaccination status unless the school district adopts the COVID-19 vaccination requirement

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

West Virginia

[SB 23](#) - prohibits government entities from mandating COVID-19 vaccinations for state residents; prohibits the requirement of mandatory vaccine passports

[SB 416](#) - prohibits government from treating religious conduct more restrictively than any conduct of reasonably comparable risk

[HB 331](#)

See also [SB3026](#) - requires approval by appointing authorities and/or county boards of education of local board of health rules, even in imminent public health emergencies

[HB 2003](#) - prohibits the government from closing schools or government offices, and from regulating and restricting private citizens’ conduct during a state of preparedness; allows the Governor or the legislature to proclaim a state of preparedness; prohibits a state of emergency from lasting more than 60 days, and a state of preparedness from lasting more than 30 days, unless extended by the legislature; allows the legislature to terminate a state of preparedness; allows the legislature to condition, limit, terminate, or expand any action or directive made by proclamation of the governor related to the state of preparedness or emergency; prohibits the governor from closing or dictating religious practices in houses of worship during a state of preparedness or emergency

[HB 2728](#) - prohibits commissioner from expanding compulsory immunizations for school students unless explicitly authorized by the legislature

[HB 2869](#) - prohibits mask mandates

HB 3023 - ensures that places of worship will remain open during any declared state of emergency; provides for a cause of action against the state with a two-year statute of limitations	d				X			Introduced
HB 3026 - prohibits government from revoking business licenses for not requiring masks; provides for a cause of action against the state with a two-year statute of limitations					X	X		Introduced
HB 3028 - removes the emergency power of the governor to restrict state citizens' movement in and out of the state, allows injunctive relief for violations	d	i						Introduced
HB 3197 - provides for religious, conscientious or personal exemption to all vaccination for government agency and board employees, and for school attendance, including higher education			X		X			Introduced
HB 4012 - prohibits a state or local government official or entity, hospital, or state institution of higher education, from requiring proof of vaccination as a condition of entering the premises			X			X		Passed First Chamber
HB 4030 - removes the limitations on liability enjoyed by employers if they require their employees to be vaccinated as a condition of employment			X			X		Introduced
HB 4031 - bans mask mandates issued for any reason by either the state or local boards of health		g,h			X			Introduced
HB 4071 - prohibits schools, educational institutions, and elected or appointed local officials, from mandating masks for school students or employees, from mandating COVID-19 tests from students or employees who are not showing symptoms, and from requiring quarantine or isolation without a positive test result		g			X	X	X Isolation and Quarantine	Passed First Chamber
HB 4274 - prohibits a healthcare provider from providing lesser care or disparate treatment to a patient based upon their vaccination status; prohibits a healthcare provider from refusing to treat a patient based on their vaccination status			X		X			Introduced
HB 4298 - prohibits any mandatory or compulsory COVID-19 vaccine mandates in the state			X		X			Introduced
HB 4309 - allows physicians and pharmacists to fill and dispense prescriptions for anti-malarial drugs (hydroxychloroquine) or ivermectin for treatment of COVID-19; fines pharmacists who refuse to fill these prescriptions							X hydroxychloroquine) and	Introduced

							ivermectin	
HB 4320 - establishes natural immunity as an equal or preferred treatment method to vaccine immunization and that persons who've contracted a communicable disease and have obtained natural immunity shall be classified as fully vaccinated, including anyone who has received antibodies as a result of contracting such a disease; all persons with natural immunity or antibodies shall be treated as equal or preferred to those who have vaccine induced immunity			X					Passed First Chamber

Bill & Description

1. Emerg. Orders 2. Shifts in Authority 3. Vaccines 4. Testing 5. Masks 6. Places 7. Other 8. Legis. Status

Wisconsin								
AB 675 - requires employers who require employees to be vaccinated against COVID-19 or undergo regular testing for COVID-19 as a condition of employment to accept documentation of natural immunity from a healthcare provider in lieu of vaccination or testing.			X				X	Passed Second Chamber
AB 912 - provides that no business may be declared essential or nonessential and that any regulation of a business relating to an emergency shall be applied uniformly to all businesses							X	Passed Second Chamber

Wyoming

No pending legislation included.



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