

REFERENCE TITLE: pharmacy board; definitions; reporting

State of Arizona
House of Representatives
Fifty-third Legislature
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2018

HB 2040

Introduced by
Representative Carter

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-1901, 32-1901.01 AND 36-2608, ARIZONA REVISED
STATUTES; RELATING TO THE ARIZONA STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 32-1901, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3 read:

4 32-1901. Definitions

5 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

6 1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled
7 substance, prescription-only drug, dangerous drug or narcotic drug,
8 whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the
9 body of a patient or research subject by a practitioner or by the
10 practitioner's authorized agent or the patient or research subject at the
11 direction of the practitioner.

12 2. "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any
13 manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the purpose of
14 inducing, or that are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the
15 purchase of drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances.

16 3. "Advisory letter" means a nondisciplinary letter to notify a
17 licensee or permittee that either:

18 (a) While there is insufficient evidence to support disciplinary
19 action, the board believes that continuation of the activities that led to
20 the investigation may result in further board action against the licensee
21 or permittee.

22 (b) The violation is a minor or technical violation that is not of
23 sufficient merit to warrant disciplinary action.

24 (c) While the licensee or permittee has demonstrated substantial
25 compliance through rehabilitation, remediation or reeducation that has
26 mitigated the need for disciplinary action, the board believes that
27 repetition of the activities that led to the investigation may result in
28 further board action against the licensee or permittee.

29 4. "Antiseptic", if a drug is represented as such on its label,
30 means a representation that it is a germicide, except in the case of a
31 drug purporting to be, or represented as, an antiseptic for inhibitory use
32 as a wet dressing, ointment or dusting powder or other use that involves
33 prolonged contact with the body.

34 5. "Authorized officers of the law" means legally empowered peace
35 officers, compliance officers of the board of pharmacy and agents of the
36 division of narcotics enforcement and criminal intelligence of the
37 department of public safety.

38 6. "Board" or "board of pharmacy" means the Arizona state board of
39 pharmacy.

40 7. "Certificate of composition" means a list of a product's
41 ingredients.

42 8. "Certificate of free sale" means a document that authenticates a
43 product that is generally and freely sold in domestic or international
44 channels of trade.

45 9. "Color additive" means a material that either:

1 (a) Is any dye, pigment or other substance made by a process of
2 synthesis or similar artifice, or extracted, isolated or otherwise
3 derived, with or without intermediate or final change of identity, from
4 any vegetable, animal, mineral or other source.

5 (b) If added or applied to a drug, or to the human body or any part
6 of the human body, is capable of imparting color, except that color
7 additive does not include any material that has been or may be exempted
8 under the federal act. Color includes black, white and intermediate
9 grays.

10 10. "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing, assembling,
11 packaging or labeling of a drug by a pharmacist or an intern or pharmacy
12 technician under the pharmacist's supervision, for the purpose of
13 dispensing to a patient based on a valid prescription order. Compounding
14 includes the preparation of drugs in anticipation of prescription orders
15 prepared on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns and the
16 preparation of drugs as an incident to research, teaching or chemical
17 analysis or for administration by a medical practitioner to the medical
18 practitioner's patient and not for sale or dispensing. Compounding does
19 not include the preparation of commercially available products from bulk
20 compounds or the preparation of drugs for sale to pharmacies,
21 practitioners or entities for the purpose of dispensing or distribution.

22 11. "Compressed medical gas distributor" means a person who holds a
23 current permit issued by the board to distribute compressed medical gases
24 pursuant to a compressed medical gas order to compressed medical gas
25 suppliers and other entities that are registered, licensed or permitted to
26 use, administer or distribute compressed medical gases.

27 12. "Compressed medical gases" means gases and liquid oxygen that a
28 compressed medical gas distributor or manufacturer has labeled in
29 compliance with federal law.

30 13. "Compressed medical gas order" means an order for compressed
31 medical gases that is issued by a medical practitioner.

32 14. "Compressed medical gas supplier" means a person who holds a
33 current permit issued by the board to supply compressed medical gases
34 pursuant to a compressed medical gas order and only to the consumer or the
35 patient.

36 15. "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance or immediate
37 precursor that is identified, defined or listed in title 36, chapter 27,
38 article 2.

39 16. "Corrosive" means any substance that when it comes in contact
40 with living tissue will cause destruction of tissue by chemical action.

41 17. "Counterfeit drug" means a drug that, or the container or
42 labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name
43 or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness of
44 these, of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person
45 who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed that drug.

1 18. "Dangerous drug" has the same meaning prescribed in section
2 13-3401.

3 19. "DAY" MEANS A BUSINESS DAY.

4 ~~19.~~ 20. "Decree of censure" means an official action that is taken
5 by the board and that may include a requirement for restitution of fees to
6 a patient or consumer.

7 ~~20.~~ 21. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or
8 attempted transfer from one person to another whether or not there is an
9 agency relationship.

10 ~~21.~~ 22. "Deputy director" means a pharmacist who is employed by
11 the board and selected by the executive director to perform duties as
12 prescribed by the executive director.

13 ~~22.~~ 23. "Device", except as used in paragraph 17 of this section,
14 section 32-1965, paragraph 4 and section 32-1967, subsection A, paragraph
15 15 and subsection C, means instruments, ~~apparatus~~ APPARATUSES and
16 contrivances, including their components, parts and accessories, including
17 all such items under the federal act, intended either:

18 (a) For use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or
19 prevention of disease in the human body or other animals.

20 (b) To affect the structure or any function of the human body or
21 other animals.

22 ~~23.~~ 24. "Director" means the director of the division of narcotics
23 enforcement and criminal investigation of the department of public safety.

24 ~~24.~~ 25. "Direct supervision of a pharmacist" means the pharmacist
25 is present. If relating to the sale of certain items, direct supervision
26 of a pharmacist means that a pharmacist determines the legitimacy or
27 advisability of a proposed purchase of those items.

28 ~~25.~~ 26. "Dispense" means to deliver to an ultimate user or
29 research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner,
30 including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or
31 compounding necessary to prepare for that delivery.

32 ~~26.~~ 27. "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

33 ~~27.~~ 28. "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering
34 or dispensing.

35 ~~28.~~ 29. "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

36 ~~29.~~ 30. "Drug" means:

37 (a) Articles recognized, or for which standards or specifications
38 are prescribed, in the official compendium.

39 (b) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
40 treatment or prevention of disease in the human body or other animals.

41 (c) Articles other than food intended to affect the structure or
42 any function of the human body or other animals.

43 (d) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles
44 specified in subdivision (a), (b) or (c) of this paragraph but does not
45 include devices or their components, parts or accessories.

~~30.~~ 31. "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug enforcement administration of the United States department of justice or its successor agency.

~~31.~~ 32. "Drug or device manufacturing" means the production, preparation, propagation or processing of a drug or device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of substances or labeling or relabeling of its container and the promotion and marketing of the same. Drug or device manufacturing does not include compounding.

~~32.~~ 33. "Economic poison" means any substance that alone, in chemical combination WITH or in formulation with one or more other substances is a pesticide within the meaning of the laws of this state or the federal insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act and that is used in the production, storage or transportation of raw agricultural commodities.

~~33.~~ 34. "Enteral feeding" means nourishment provided by means of a tube inserted into the stomach or intestine.

~~34.~~ 35. "Established name", with respect to a drug or ingredient of a drug, means any of the following:

(a) The applicable official name.

(b) If there is no such name and the drug or ingredient is an article recognized in an official compendium, the official title in an official compendium.

(c) If neither subdivision (a) nor (b) of this paragraph applies, the common or usual name of ~~such~~ THE drug.

~~35.~~ 36. "Executive director" means the executive director of the board of pharmacy.

~~36.~~ 37. "Federal act" means the federal laws and regulations that pertain to drugs, devices, poisons and hazardous substances and that are official at the time any drug, device, poison or hazardous substance is affected by this chapter.

~~37.~~ 38. "Full service wholesale permittee":

(a) Means a permittee who may distribute prescription-only drugs and devices, controlled substances and over-the-counter drugs and devices to pharmacies or other legal outlets from a place devoted in whole or in part to wholesaling these items.

(b) Includes a virtual wholesaler as defined in rule by the board.

~~38.~~ 39. "Good manufacturing practice" means a system for ensuring that products are consistently produced and controlled according to quality standards and covering all aspects of design, monitoring and control of manufacturing processes and facilities to ensure that products do not pose any risk to the consumer or public.

~~39.~~ 40. "Graduate intern" means a person who has graduated from a college, school or program of pharmacy approved by the board and who meets

1 the qualifications and experience for a pharmacy intern as provided in
2 section 32-1923.

3 ~~40.~~ 41. "Highly toxic" means any substance that falls within any
4 of the following categories:

5 (a) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half
6 of a group of ten or more laboratory white rats each weighing between two
7 hundred and three hundred grams, at a single dose of fifty milligrams or
8 less per kilogram of body weight, when orally administered.

9 (b) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half
10 of a group of ten or more laboratory white rats each weighing between two
11 hundred and three hundred grams, if inhaled continuously for a period of
12 one hour or less at an atmospheric concentration of two hundred parts per
13 million by volume or less of gas or vapor or two milligrams per liter by
14 volume or less of mist or dust, provided the concentration is likely to be
15 encountered by humans if the substance is used in any reasonably
16 foreseeable manner.

17 (c) Produces death within fourteen days in half or more than half
18 of a group of ten or more rabbits tested in a dosage of two hundred
19 milligrams or less per kilogram of body weight, if administered by
20 continuous contact with the bare skin for twenty-four hours or less.

21 If the board finds that available data on human experience with any
22 substance indicate results different from those obtained on animals in the
23 dosages or concentrations prescribed in this paragraph, the human data
24 shall take precedence.

25 ~~41.~~ 42. "Hospital" means any institution for the care and
26 treatment of the sick and injured that is approved and licensed as a
27 hospital by the department of health services.

28 ~~42.~~ 43. "Intern" means a pharmacy intern and a graduate intern.

29 ~~43.~~ 44. "Internship" means the practical, experiential, hands-on
30 training of a pharmacy intern under the supervision of a preceptor.

31 ~~44.~~ 45. "Irritant" means any substance, other than a corrosive,
32 that on immediate, prolonged or repeated contact with normal living tissue
33 will induce a local inflammatory reaction.

34 ~~45.~~ 46. "Jurisprudence examination" means a board-approved
35 pharmacy law examination that is written and administered in cooperation
36 with the national association of boards of pharmacy or another
37 board-approved pharmacy law examination.

38 ~~46.~~ 47. "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic
39 matter on the immediate container of any article that, unless easily
40 legible through the outside wrapper or container, also appears on the
41 outside wrapper or container of the article's retail package. For the
42 purposes of this paragraph, the immediate container does not include
43 package liners.

44 ~~47.~~ 48. "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed or
45 graphic matter either:

1 (a) On any article or any of its containers or wrappers.

2 (b) Accompanying that article.

3 ~~48.~~ 49. "Letter of reprimand" means a disciplinary letter that is
4 a public document issued by the board and that informs a licensee or
5 permittee that the licensee's or permittee's conduct violates state or
6 federal law and may require the board to monitor the licensee or
7 permittee.

8 ~~49.~~ 50. "Limited service pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is
9 approved by the board to practice a limited segment of pharmacy as
10 indicated by the permit issued by the board.

11 ~~50.~~ 51. "Manufacture" or "manufacturer":

12 (a) Means every person who prepares, derives, produces, compounds,
13 processes, packages or repackages or labels any drug in a place, other
14 than a pharmacy, THAT IS devoted to manufacturing the drug.

15 (b) Includes a virtual manufacturer as defined in rule by the
16 board.

17 ~~51.~~ 52. "Marijuana" has the same meaning prescribed in section
18 13-3401.

19 ~~52.~~ 53. "Medical practitioner" means any medical doctor, doctor of
20 ~~osteopathy~~ OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian or
21 other person who is licensed and authorized by law to use and prescribe
22 drugs and devices for the treatment of sick and injured human beings or
23 animals or for the diagnosis or prevention of sickness in human beings or
24 animals in this state or any state, territory or district of the United
25 States.

26 ~~53.~~ 54. "Medication order" means a written or verbal order from a
27 medical practitioner or that person's authorized agent to administer a
28 drug or device.

29 ~~54.~~ 55. "Narcotic drug" has the same meaning prescribed in section
30 13-3401.

31 ~~55.~~ 56. "New drug" means either:

32 (a) Any drug the composition of which is such that the drug is not
33 generally recognized among experts qualified by scientific training and
34 experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs as safe and
35 effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended or
36 suggested in the labeling.

37 (b) Any drug the composition of which is such that the drug, as a
38 result of investigations to determine its safety and effectiveness for use
39 under such conditions, has become so recognized, but that has not, other
40 than in the investigations, been used to a material extent or for a
41 material time under those conditions.

42 ~~56.~~ 57. "Nonprescription drug" or "over-the-counter drug" means
43 any nonnarcotic medicine or drug that may be sold without a prescription
44 and THAT is prepackaged and labeled for use by the consumer in accordance

1 with the requirements of the laws of this state and federal law.
2 Nonprescription drug does not include:

3 (a) A drug that is primarily advertised and promoted professionally
4 to medical practitioners and pharmacists by manufacturers or primary
5 distributors.

6 (b) A controlled substance.

7 (c) A drug that is required to bear a label that states "Rx only".

8 (d) A drug that is intended for human use by hypodermic injection.

9 ~~57.~~ 58. "Nonprescription drug wholesale permittee":

10 (a) Means a permittee who may distribute only over-the-counter
11 drugs and devices to pharmacies or other lawful outlets from a place
12 devoted in whole or in part to wholesaling these items.

13 (b) Includes a virtual wholesaler as defined in rule by the board.

14 ~~58.~~ 59. "Notice" means personal service or the mailing of a copy
15 of the notice by certified mail addressed either to the person at the
16 person's latest address of record in the board office or to the person's
17 attorney.

18 ~~59.~~ 60. "Nutritional supplementation" means vitamins, minerals and
19 caloric supplementation. Nutritional supplementation does not include
20 medication or drugs.

21 ~~60.~~ 61. "Official compendium" means the latest revision of the
22 United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary or any current
23 supplement.

24 ~~61.~~ 62. "Other jurisdiction" means one of the other forty-nine
25 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a
26 territory of the United States of America.

27 ~~62.~~ 63. "Package" means a receptacle defined or described in the
28 United States pharmacopeia and the national formulary as adopted by the
29 board.

30 ~~63.~~ 64. "Packaging" means the act or process of placing a drug
31 item or device in a container for the purpose or intent of dispensing or
32 distributing the item or device to another.

33 ~~64.~~ 65. "Parenteral nutrition" means intravenous feeding that
34 provides a person with fluids and essential nutrients the person needs
35 while the person is unable to receive adequate fluids or feedings by mouth
36 or by enteral feeding.

37 ~~65.~~ 66. "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation and
38 association, and their duly authorized agents.

39 ~~66.~~ 67. "Pharmaceutical care" means the provision of drug therapy
40 and other pharmaceutical patient care services.

41 ~~67.~~ 68. "Pharmacist" means an individual who is currently licensed
42 by the board to practice the profession of pharmacy in this state.

43 ~~68.~~ 69. "Pharmacist in charge" means the pharmacist who is
44 responsible to the board for a licensed establishment's compliance with
45 the laws and administrative rules of this state and of the federal

government pertaining to the practice of pharmacy, the manufacturing of drugs and the distribution of drugs and devices.

~~69.~~ 70. "Pharmacist licensure examination" means a board-approved examination that is written and administered in cooperation with the national association of boards of pharmacy or any other board-approved pharmacist licensure examination.

~~70.~~ 71. "Pharmacy":

(a) Means any place:

~~(a)~~ (i) Where drugs, devices, poisons or related hazardous substances are offered for sale at retail.

~~(b)~~ (ii) In which the profession of pharmacy is practiced or where prescription orders are compounded and dispensed.

~~(c)~~ (iii) That has displayed on it or in it the words "pharmacist," "pharmaceutical chemist," "apothecary," "druggist," "pharmacy," "drugstore," "drugs" or "drug sundries" or any of these words or combinations of these words, or words of similar import either in English or any other language, or that is advertised by any sign containing any of these words.

~~(d)~~ (iv) Where the characteristic symbols of pharmacy or the characteristic prescription sign "Rx" is exhibited.

~~(e)~~ (v) Or a portion of any building or structure that is leased, used or controlled by the permittee to conduct the business authorized by the board at the address for which the permit was issued and that is enclosed and secured when a pharmacist is not in attendance.

(b) INCLUDES A SATELLITE PHARMACY.

~~71.~~ 72. "Pharmacy intern" means a person who has all of the qualifications and experience prescribed in section 32-1923.

~~72.~~ 73. "Pharmacy technician" means a person who is licensed pursuant to this chapter.

~~73.~~ 74. "Pharmacy technician trainee" means a person who is licensed pursuant to this chapter.

~~74.~~ 75. "Poison" or "hazardous substance" includes, but is not limited to, any of the following if intended and suitable for household use or use by children:

(a) Any substance that, according to standard works on medicine, pharmacology, pharmacognosy or toxicology, if applied to, introduced into or developed within the body in relatively small quantities by its inherent action uniformly produces serious bodily injury, disease or death.

(b) A toxic substance.

(c) A highly toxic substance.

(d) A corrosive substance.

(e) An irritant.

(f) A strong sensitizer.

(g) A mixture of any of the substances described in this paragraph, if the substance or mixture of substances may cause substantial personal injury or substantial illness during or as a proximate result of any customary or reasonably foreseeable handling or use, including reasonably foreseeable ingestion by children.

(h) A substance that is designated by the board to be a poison or hazardous substance. This subdivision does not apply to radioactive substances, economic poisons subject to the federal insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act or the state pesticide act, foods, drugs and cosmetics subject to state laws or the federal act or substances intended for use as fuels when stored in containers and used in the heating, cooking or refrigeration system of a house. This subdivision applies to any substance or article that is not itself an economic poison within the meaning of the federal insecticide, fungicide and rodenticide act or the state pesticide act, but that is a poison or hazardous substance within the meaning of this paragraph by reason of bearing or containing an economic poison or hazardous substance.

~~75.~~ 76. "Practice of pharmacy":

(a) Means furnishing the following health care services as a medical professional:

(i) Interpreting, evaluating and dispensing prescription orders in the patient's best interests.

(ii) Compounding drugs pursuant to or in anticipation of a prescription order.

(iii) Labeling ~~of~~ drugs and devices in compliance with state and federal requirements.

(iv) Participating in drug selection and drug utilization reviews, drug administration, drug or drug-related research and drug therapy monitoring or management.

(v) Providing patient counseling necessary to provide pharmaceutical care.

(vi) Properly and safely storing drugs and devices in anticipation of dispensing.

(vii) Maintaining required records of drugs and devices.

(viii) Offering or performing ~~of~~ acts, services, operations or transactions necessary in the conduct, operation, management and control of a pharmacy.

(ix) Initiating, monitoring and modifying drug therapy pursuant to a protocol-based drug therapy agreement with a provider as outlined in section 32-1970.

(x) Initiating and administering immunizations or vaccines pursuant to section 32-1974.

(b) Does not include initiating a prescription order for any medication, drug or other substance used to induce or cause a medication abortion as defined in section 36-2151.

1 ~~76.~~ 77. "Practitioner" means any physician, dentist, veterinarian,
2 scientific investigator or other person who is licensed, registered or
3 otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect
4 to or administer a controlled substance in the course of professional
5 practice or research in this state, or any pharmacy, hospital or other
6 institution that is licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
7 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer a
8 controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in
9 this state.

10 ~~77.~~ 78. "Preceptor" means a pharmacist who is serving as the
11 practical instructor of an intern and complies with section 32-1923.

12 ~~78.~~ 79. "Precursor chemical" means a substance that is:

13 (a) The principal compound that is commonly used or that is
14 produced primarily for use and that is an immediate chemical intermediary
15 used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance,
16 the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit
17 manufacture.

18 (b) Listed in section 13-3401, paragraph 26 or 27.

19 ~~79.~~ 80. "Prescription" means either a prescription order or a
20 prescription medication.

21 ~~80.~~ 81. "Prescription medication" means any drug, including label
22 and container according to context, that is dispensed pursuant to a
23 prescription order.

24 ~~81.~~ 82. "Prescription-only device" includes:

25 (a) Any device that is limited by the federal act to use under the
26 supervision of a medical practitioner.

27 (b) Any device required by the federal act to bear on its label
28 essentially the legend "Rx only".

29 ~~82.~~ 83. "Prescription-only drug" does not include a controlled
30 substance but does include:

31 (a) Any drug that because of its toxicity or other potentiality for
32 harmful effect, the method of its use, or the collateral measures
33 necessary to its use is not generally recognized among experts, qualified
34 by scientific training and experience to evaluate its safety and efficacy,
35 as safe for use except by or under the supervision of a medical
36 practitioner.

37 (b) Any drug that is limited by an approved new drug application
38 under the federal act or section 32-1962 to use under the supervision of a
39 medical practitioner.

40 (c) Every potentially harmful drug, the labeling of which does not
41 bear or contain full and adequate directions for use by the consumer.

42 (d) Any drug, other than a controlled substance, required by the
43 federal act to bear on its label the legend "Rx only".

44 ~~83.~~ 84. "Prescription order" means any of the following:

1 (a) An order to a pharmacist for drugs or devices issued and signed
2 by a duly licensed medical practitioner in the authorized course of the
3 practitioner's professional practice.

4 (b) An order transmitted to a pharmacist through word of mouth,
5 telephone or other means of communication directed by that medical
6 practitioner. Prescription orders received by word of mouth, telephone or
7 other means of communication shall be maintained by the pharmacist
8 pursuant to section 32-1964, and the record so made by the pharmacist
9 constitutes the original prescription order to be dispensed by the
10 pharmacist. This paragraph does not alter or affect laws of this state or
11 any federal act requiring a written prescription order.

12 (c) An order initiated by a pharmacist pursuant to a protocol-based
13 drug therapy agreement with a provider as outlined in section 32-1970, or
14 immunizations or vaccines administered by a pharmacist pursuant to section
15 32-1974.

16 (d) A diet order or an order for enteral feeding, nutritional
17 supplementation or parenteral nutrition that is initiated by a registered
18 dietitian or other qualified nutrition professional in a hospital pursuant
19 to section 36-416.

20 ~~84.~~ 85. "Professionally incompetent" means:

21 (a) Incompetence based on a variety of factors, including a lack of
22 sufficient pharmaceutical knowledge or skills or experience to a degree
23 likely to endanger the health of patients.

24 (b) When considered with other indications of professional
25 incompetence, a pharmacist, pharmacy intern or graduate intern who fails
26 to obtain a passing score on a board-approved pharmacist licensure
27 examination or a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee who
28 fails to obtain a passing score on a board-approved pharmacy technician
29 licensure examination.

30 ~~85.~~ 86. "Radioactive substance" means a substance that emits
31 ionizing radiation.

32 87. "REVOCATION" OR "REVOKE" MEANS THE OFFICIAL CANCELLATION OF A
33 LICENSE, PERMIT, REGISTRATION OR OTHER APPROVAL AUTHORIZED BY THE BOARD
34 FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS BEFORE A REQUEST OR NEW APPLICATION FOR
35 REINSTATEMENT MAY BE PRESENTED TO THE BOARD FOR REVIEW.

36 ~~86.~~ 88. "Safely engage in employment duties" means that a
37 permittee or the permittee's employee is able to safely engage in
38 employment duties related to the manufacture, sale, distribution or
39 dispensing of drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous substances, controlled
40 substances or precursor chemicals.

41 89. "SATELLITE PHARMACY" MEANS A WORK AREA LOCATED WITHIN A
42 HOSPITAL OR ON A HOSPITAL CAMPUS THAT IS NOT SEPARATED BY OTHER COMMERCIAL
43 PROPERTY OR RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY, THAT IS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A
44 PHARMACIST, THAT IS A REMOTE EXTENSION OF A CENTRALLY LICENSED HOSPITAL
45 PHARMACY AND THAT IS OWNED BY AND DEPENDENT ON THE CENTRALLY LICENSED

HOSPITAL PHARMACY FOR ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROL, STAFFING AND DRUG
PROCUREMENT.

~~87.~~ 90. "Symbol" means the characteristic symbols that have historically identified pharmacy, including show globes and mortar and pestle, and the sign "Rx".

~~88.~~ 91. "Third-party logistics provider" means an entity that provides or coordinates warehousing or other logistics services for a prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drug or dangerous device in intrastate or interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesaler or dispenser of the prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drug or dangerous device but that does not take ownership of the prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drug or dangerous device or have responsibility to direct its sale or disposition.

~~89.~~ 92. "Toxic substance" means a substance, other than a radioactive substance, that has the capacity to produce injury or illness in humans through ingestion, inhalation or absorption through any body surface.

~~90.~~ 93. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a drug or controlled substance for that person's own use, for the use of a member of that person's household or for administering to an animal owned by that person or by a member of that person's household.

Sec. 2. Section 32-1901.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-1901.01. Definition of unethical and unprofessional
conduct; permittees; licensees

A. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the purposes of disciplining a permittee, "unethical conduct" means the following, whether occurring in this state or elsewhere:

1. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude, or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense. In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

2. Committing an act that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a permittee and that demonstrates either a lack of good moral character or an actual or potential unfitness to hold a permit in light of the public's safety.

3. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

4. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to such a degree as to render the permittee unfit to perform the permittee's employment duties.

5. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating to the manufacture, sale or distribution of drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous substances or precursor chemicals.

1 6. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating
2 to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs,
3 controlled substances or precursor chemicals.

4 7. Violating state or federal reporting or recordkeeping
5 requirements on transactions relating to precursor chemicals.

6 8. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
7 pharmacist, pharmacy intern or graduate intern is or may be professionally
8 incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be
9 mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the practice of
10 pharmacy.

11 9. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
12 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be
13 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
14 or is or may be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the
15 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
16 trainee.

17 10. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that
18 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be
19 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable
20 safely to engage in employment duties related to manufacturing, selling,
21 distributing or dispensing of drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous
22 substances, controlled substances or precursor chemicals or is or may be
23 in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

24 11. Intending to sell, transfer or distribute, or to offer for
25 sale, transfer or distribution, or selling, transferring, distributing or
26 dispensing or offering for sale, transfer or distribution an imitation
27 controlled substance, imitation over-the-counter drug or imitation
28 prescription-only drug as defined in section 13-3451.

29 12. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ **HAVING THE** permittee's permit to
30 manufacture, sell, distribute or dispense drugs, devices, poisons,
31 hazardous substances or precursor chemicals **DENIED OR DISCIPLINED** in
32 another jurisdiction ~~and the permit was not reinstated.~~

33 13. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed
34 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

35 14. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a permit or a permit renewal
36 by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking advantage of the
37 mistake of another person or an agency.

38 15. Wilfully making a false report or record required by this
39 chapter, required by federal or state laws pertaining to drugs, devices,
40 poisons, hazardous substances or precursor chemicals or required for the
41 payment for drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances or precursor
42 chemicals or for services pertaining to such drugs or substances.

43 16. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or
44 other document that contains false or misleading information.

1 17. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material
2 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or
3 agents.

4 18. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or
5 assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, this
6 chapter.

7 19. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent
8 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its
9 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

10 20. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in
11 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to
12 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

13 21. Failing to provide the board or its employees or agents or an
14 authorized federal or state official conducting a site investigation,
15 inspection or audit with access to any place for which a permit has been
16 issued or for which an application for a permit has been submitted.

17 22. Failing to notify the board of a change of ownership,
18 management or pharmacist in charge.

19 23. Failing to promptly produce on the request of the official
20 conducting a site investigation, inspection or audit any book, record or
21 document.

22 24. Overruling or attempting to overrule a pharmacist in matters of
23 pharmacy ethics or interpreting laws pertaining to the practice of
24 pharmacy or the distribution of drugs or devices.

25 25. Distributing premiums or rebates of any kind in connection with
26 the sale of prescription medication, other than to the prescription
27 medication recipient.

28 26. Failing to maintain effective controls against the diversion of
29 precursor chemicals to unauthorized persons or entities.

30 27. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a service.

31 28. Fraudulently charging a fee for a service.

32 29. Advertising drugs or devices, or services pertaining to drugs
33 or devices, in a manner that is untrue or misleading in any particular,
34 and that is known, or that by the exercise of reasonable care should be
35 known, to be untrue or misleading.

36 B. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the
37 purposes of disciplining a pharmacist, pharmacy intern or graduate intern,
38 "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring in this
39 state or elsewhere:

40 1. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to
41 such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the profession
42 of pharmacy.

43 2. Violating any federal or state law, rule or regulation relating
44 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs and devices or the practice of
45 pharmacy.

1 3. Dispensing a different drug or brand of drug in place of the
2 drug or brand of drug ordered or prescribed without the express permission
3 in each case of the orderer, or in the case of a prescription order, the
4 medical practitioner. The conduct prohibited by this paragraph does not
5 apply to substitutions authorized pursuant to section 32-1963.01.

6 4. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license to practice pharmacy
7 or a license renewal by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking
8 advantage of the mistake of another person or an agency.

9 5. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ HAVING THE licensee's license to
10 practice pharmacy DENIED OR DISCIPLINED in another jurisdiction ~~and the~~
11 ~~license was not reinstated.~~

12 6. Claiming professional superiority in compounding or dispensing
13 prescription orders.

14 7. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional
15 pharmacy education requirements of sections 32-1936 and 32-1937 and rules
16 adopted by the board.

17 8. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,
18 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.
19 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea
20 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

21 9. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

22 10. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule
23 relating to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous
24 drugs, controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the
25 board or by conviction in a federal or state court.

26 11. Knowingly dispensing a drug without a valid prescription order
27 as required pursuant to section 32-1968, subsection A.

28 12. Knowingly dispensing a drug on a prescription order that was
29 issued in the course of the conduct of business of dispensing drugs
30 pursuant to diagnosis by mail or the internet, unless the order was any of
31 the following:

32 (a) Made by a physician who provides temporary patient supervision
33 on behalf of the patient's regular treating licensed health care
34 professional or provides a consultation requested by the patient's regular
35 treating licensed health care professional.

36 (b) Made in an emergency medical situation as defined in section
37 41-1831.

38 (c) Written to prepare a patient for a medical examination.

39 (d) Written or the prescription medications were issued for use by
40 a county or tribal public health department for immunization programs or
41 emergency treatment or in response to an infectious disease investigation,
42 a public health emergency, an infectious disease outbreak or an act of
43 bioterrorism. For the purposes of this subdivision, "bioterrorism" has
44 the same meaning prescribed in section 36-781.

1 (e) Written or antimicrobials were dispensed by the prescribing or
2 dispensing physician to a contact as defined in section 36-661 who is
3 believed to have had significant exposure risk as defined in section
4 36-661 with another person who has been diagnosed with a communicable
5 disease as defined in section 36-661.

6 (f) Written or the prescription medications were issued for
7 administration of immunizations or vaccines listed in the United States
8 centers for disease control and prevention's recommended immunization
9 schedule to a household member of a patient.

10 (g) For epinephrine auto-injectors that are written or dispensed
11 for a school district or charter school and that are to be stocked for
12 emergency use pursuant to section 15-157 or for an authorized entity to be
13 stocked pursuant to section 36-2226.01.

14 (h) Written by a licensee through a telemedicine program that is
15 covered by the policies and procedures adopted by the administrator of a
16 hospital or outpatient treatment center.

17 (i) Written pursuant to a physical or mental health status
18 examination that was conducted during a real-time telemedicine encounter
19 with audio and video capability.

20 (j) For naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist
21 approved by the United States food and drug administration and written or
22 dispensed for use pursuant to section 36-2228 or 36-2266.

23 13. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
24 pharmacist, pharmacy intern or graduate intern is or may be professionally
25 incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be
26 mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the practice of
27 pharmacy.

28 14. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
29 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be
30 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
31 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the
32 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
33 trainee.

34 15. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
35 permittee or a permittee's employee is or may be guilty of unethical
36 conduct or is or may be in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted
37 under this chapter.

38 16. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed
39 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

40 17. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or
41 other document that contains false or misleading information.

42 18. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material
43 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or
44 agents.

1 19. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or
2 assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring to violate,
3 this chapter.

4 20. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent
5 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its
6 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

7 21. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in
8 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to
9 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

10 22. Refusing without just cause to allow authorized agents of the
11 board to examine documents that are required to be kept pursuant to this
12 chapter or title 36.

13 23. Participating in an arrangement or agreement to allow a
14 prescription order or a prescription medication to be left at, picked up
15 from, accepted by or delivered to a place that is not licensed as a
16 pharmacy. This paragraph does not prohibit a pharmacist or a pharmacy from
17 using an employee or a common carrier to pick up prescription orders at or
18 deliver prescription medications to the office or home of a medical
19 practitioner, the residence of a patient or a patient's hospital.

20 24. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for the payment of
21 rebates to a medical practitioner or any other person in the health care
22 field.

23 25. Providing or causing to be provided to a medical practitioner
24 prescription order blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's or pharmacy's
25 name, address or other means of identification.

26 26. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a professional service.

27 27. Fraudulently charging a fee for a professional service.

28 28. Failing to report a change of the licensee's home address,
29 contact information, employer or employer's address as required by section
30 32-1926.

31 29. Failing to report a change in the licensee's residency status
32 as required by section 32-1926.01.

33 C. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the
34 purposes of disciplining a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
35 trainee, "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring
36 in this state or elsewhere:

37 1. ~~Addiction~~ BEING ADDICTED to the use of alcohol or other drugs to
38 such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to perform the licensee's
39 employment duties.

40 2. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating
41 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs or devices.

42 3. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a pharmacy technician or
43 pharmacy technician trainee license or a pharmacy technician license
44 renewal by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking advantage of
45 the mistake of another person or an agency.

1 4. ~~Denial or discipline of a~~ **HAVING THE** licensee's license to
2 practice as a pharmacy technician **DENIED OR DISCIPLINED** in another
3 jurisdiction ~~and the license was not reinstated.~~

4 5. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional
5 education requirements of section 32-1925, subsection H and rules adopted
6 by the board.

7 6. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude,
8 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense.
9 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea
10 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

11 7. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

12 8. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating
13 to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs,
14 controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the board
15 or by conviction in a federal or state court.

16 9. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
17 pharmacist, pharmacy intern or graduate intern is or may be professionally
18 incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be
19 mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the practice of
20 pharmacy.

21 10. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
22 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be
23 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct
24 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the
25 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician
26 trainee.

27 11. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a
28 permittee or a permittee's employee is or may be guilty of unethical
29 conduct or is or may be in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted
30 under this chapter.

31 12. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed
32 in this state would be grounds for discipline.

33 13. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or
34 other document that contains false or misleading information.

35 14. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material
36 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or
37 agents.

38 15. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or
39 assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring to violate,
40 this chapter.

41 16. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent
42 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its
43 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

1 17. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in
2 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to
3 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

4 18. Failing to report a change of the licensee's home address,
5 contact information, employer or employer's address as required by section
6 32-1926.

7 19. Failing to report a change in the licensee's residency status
8 as required by section 32-1926.01.

9 Sec. 3. Section 36-2608, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
10 read:

11 36-2608. Reporting requirements; waiver; exceptions

12 A. If a medical practitioner dispenses a controlled substance
13 listed in section 36-2513, 36-2514, 36-2515 or 36-2516, or if a
14 prescription for a controlled substance listed in any of those sections is
15 dispensed by a pharmacy in this state, a health care facility in this
16 state for outpatient use or a board-permitted nonresident pharmacy for
17 delivery to a person residing in this state, the medical practitioner,
18 health care facility or pharmacy must report the following information as
19 applicable and as prescribed by the board by rule:

20 1. The name, address, telephone number, prescription number and
21 United States drug enforcement administration controlled substance
22 registration number of the dispenser.

23 2. The name, address and date of birth of the person for whom the
24 prescription is written.

25 3. The name, address, telephone number and United States drug
26 enforcement administration controlled substance registration number of the
27 prescribing medical practitioner.

28 4. The name, strength, quantity, dosage and national drug code
29 number of the schedule II, III, IV or V controlled substance dispensed.

30 5. The date the prescription was dispensed.

31 6. The number of refills, if any, authorized by the medical
32 practitioner.

33 B. Except as provided in subsection D of this section, a dispenser
34 must use the September 28, 2011 version 4, release 2 standard
35 implementation guide for prescription monitoring programs published by the
36 American society for automation in pharmacy or any subsequent version or
37 release of that guide to report the required information.

38 C. The board shall allow the reporter to transmit the required
39 information by electronic data transfer if feasible or, if not feasible,
40 on reporting forms as prescribed by the board. The ~~board shall not~~
41 ~~require the~~ reporter ~~to~~ **SHALL** submit the required information ~~more~~
42 ~~frequently than~~ once each day.

43 D. A dispenser who does not have an automated recordkeeping system
44 capable of producing an electronic report in the established format may
45 request a waiver from electronic reporting by submitting a written request

1 to the board. The board shall grant the request if the dispenser agrees
2 in writing to report the data by submitting a completed universal claim
3 form as prescribed by the board by rule.

4 E. The board by rule may prescribe the prescription form to be used
5 in prescribing a schedule II, III, IV or V controlled substance if the
6 board determines that this would facilitate the reporting requirements of
7 this section.

8 F. The reporting requirements of this section do not apply to the
9 following:

10 1. A controlled substance administered directly to a patient.

11 2. A controlled substance dispensed by a medical practitioner at a
12 health care facility licensed by this state if the quantity dispensed is
13 limited to an amount adequate to treat the patient for a maximum of
14 seventy-two hours with not more than two seventy-two-hour cycles within
15 any fifteen-day period.

16 3. A controlled substance sample.

17 4. The wholesale distribution of a schedule II, III, IV or V
18 controlled substance. For the purposes of this paragraph, "wholesale
19 distribution" has the same meaning prescribed in section 32-1981.

20 5. A facility that is registered by the United States drug
21 enforcement administration as a narcotic treatment program and that is
22 subject to the recordkeeping provisions of 21 Code of Federal Regulations
23 section 1304.24.